Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 22. VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1895. No. 73

XMAS GOODS

Cut Glass--Smelling Salts, Ink Stands, Pin Trays, Perfume Bottles.

Leather Goods--Purses, Card Cases, Cigarette Cases, Cigar Cases.

We have a Beautiful Stock of these Goods, Silver Mounted. Watch our Windows and our Announcements.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL, JEWELERS, 47 GOVERNMENT ST.

Received This Day
Friday, Nov. 15th,
AT
The WESTSIDE

By Express from the Manufacturers, One Case

Black Cloth Jackets.

These are of the very Newest Style, Silk and Half Silk Lined New French Back, Storm Collar; can be buttoned high at neck or worn open at will.

ALSO BY EXPRESS——

Pink, Cream aud French Grey 16 Button Evening KID GLOVES. Also

WATERPROOFS AND UMBRELLAS, Good and Cheap.

Also Ladies' and Gents' Lined Kid and Fur Topped Gloves in great variety.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Westside, Nov. 15, 1895.

Go to Cheapside For Heating Stoves

MAUDE—We must have a Heating Stove this Winter, dear.

CHARLIE—Well, go down to Cheapside and get one. They have a big variety and their prices are always right.

GEO. POWELL & CO., CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT. ST.

Little Drops of Water

Little savings lay the foundation of a fortune. We are trying to help you to lay the foundation. We expect ours in Small Profits giving you goods at jobbers' prices.

Soap : : The best 15 cent bar in town. Ross bar, 5 cents. Electric at 65 cents a box, or 7 bars for 25 cents is very detersive.

Our Blend Tea at 20 cents is a cup winner. Those Eastern Oysters in tin and shell are toothsome. Just in: Ontario Sweet Apple Cider. by the gallon or bottle, 'au naturel."

DIXI H. ROSS & CO., 127 Government Street.

Epicures

HAVE YOU TRIED THOSE SALMON TIPS? THEY ARE DELICIOUS.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.,

.....The Leading Grocers.

ARE WORSE THAN TURKS

Defeated Spanish Soldiers Turn Upon and Butcher Women and Children.

Their Colonel Tried to Hide the Crime—He Will be Court-Martialled.

Insurgents Beginning Operations—Are Making it Warm for Spaniards.

Tampa, Fla., Nov. 21.—Col. Fernando Figueredo, Cuban leader, of this city, is in receipt of a letter from Havana giving details of the atrocities alleged to have been committed by the Spaniards in Matanzas province. Colonel Melino commanded the Spanish regiment which recently encountered the advance guard of Gomez' army in Matanzas and was defeated. While the soldiers under Melino were in retreat they met a group of women and children near a little town called Cayopino. As the soldiers passed one woman made a sneering remark about the Spaniards. The remark was overheard by the soldiers, and so enraged them that they fell upon the women and children and butchered every one of them. There were ten women and about a dozen children in the group.

The letter says that the Spaniards after shooting down their victims, stabbed them with their bayonets, inflicting most horrible wounds. One baby was killed at its mother's breast, and the bullet which passed through the infant also passed through the mother. Col. Melino made no report, but it happened that two of the women murdered were wives of Spaniards engaged in the saw mill business in Matanzas. When the husbands learned that their loved ones had been slaughtered they wrote to Martinez de Campos informing him of the horrible affair and demanding that Melino be punished. It is said that de Campos has ordered that Melino be court martialled.

Gen. Maximo Gomez, the insurgent leader, who recently entered the province of Santa Clara from the province of Puerto Principe, yesterday captured Fort Paleyo, on the river Seasa, in the province of Santa Clara. No details are given of the engagement. While the train conveying Gen. Sparez Valdez was nearing Santa Rit, province of Santa Clara, to-day, the insurgents fired a dynamite shell at it. The explosion blew up four wagons and the engine of the train. Two soldiers were seriously injured and twelve others slightly wounded. The car on which the general was riding was not injured. He went through on horseback to Esperanza.

Havana, Nov. 21.—There have been several skirmishes in the province of Santiago de Cuba, during which the insurgents had fifteen killed, four wounded and lost one prisoner. The troops lost one killed and thirteen wounded.

Baltimore, Nov. 21.—A telegram has been received here by Cuban sympathisers in Key West which is highly pleasing to the colony here. It not only states that much anxiety prevails among the officials at the Cuban capital regarding the possible fate of De Campos, whose headquarters are gradually being surrounded by the revolutionary forces, but fears are entertained for Havana itself, and preparations are being hurried to strengthen defenses. The message reads as follows:

"Key West, Nov. 18.—Much alarm exists in official circles in consequence of the confirmation of a rumor that the chief of the insurgents, Maximo Gomez, is now five hours distant from the headquarters of Martinez Campos, near Santa Clara. The eldest son of General Campos, accompanied by an inspector of artillery, has to-day reconnoitered on horseback the outskirts of Havana, locating the strategic points, where will be placed the new batteries of heavy Krupp cannon, which will shortly arrive here, and will be employed in a siege of the city."

Havana, Nov. 21.—The Diario del Ejercito, the leading army journal, caused a sensation to-day by heading an editorial: "A Great Shame and a Great Misfortune." Among other things this editorial said: 'A sorrowful spectacle is presented to the eyes of the watching world. After all Spain's sacrifices made to combat the enemy in Cuba, she finds her chief enemy among her own people on the island." The editorial then refers to the reformists raising internal political dissensions, provoking criticism of government acts, whereas they should act in unison to strengthen Spain's hands instead of resorting to private biskerings, and almost challenging the government itself. In conclusion the editorial denounces the practice of appealing to slander and clumny, and condemns the attacks made upon even the highest in power. The paper says it is simply shameful to proceed in such a manner at these times, and insists that the political quarrels should be silenced in time to save the blood of the soldiers and to obviate national dishonor.

Pin Your Faith

To London Hospital Cough Cure. It will not disappoint you.

JOHN COCHRANE

Prescription Druggist, N. W. Corner Yates and Douglas streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHINGLES FOR SALE—200 M at $1.10 in lots to suit purchaser. Apply Munn, Holland & Co., 26 1-2 Broad St. nov21-1t

WANTED—A general servant in a family of three. Able to do plain cooking. Apply to Mrs. Geo. R. Jackson, corner Bellevillie & Oswego streets. nov21-tf

THE BEAUTIFUL SOUTHERN DRAMA

"LYNWOOD"

Will be repeated at A. O. U. W. Hall

To-Morrow Evening.

Admission 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents. nov20-3t

Money to Loan

On Security of Improved Property.

HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government Street

For Sale.

Lots at junction of Douglas and Government Streets known as the Heywood property. The cheapest buy in the city at the present time.

HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government street.

SIR HENRY PONSONBY

Another Old and Trusted Servant of the Queen Has Gone From Her Side.

He Carried the Royal Purse for Many Years—Once Lived in Canada.

John Dillon and Bride Blessed by the Pope—Jabez Balfour Trials.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Nov. 21.—Sir Henry Ponsonby, for many years private secretary to Queen Victoria, and keeper of the privy purse, died at 8 o'clock this morning of paralysis.

Sir Henry was the son of Major-General the Hon. S. F. Ponsonby, born in Corfu, in 1825, and after receiving a professional education at the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, was appointed ensign in the 49th regiment in 1842. After being transferred to the Grenadier Guards, he was appointed aide-de-camp to the Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, and in 1849 was made private secretary to the Earl of Clarendon, an office which he held under Lord St. Germans while Viceroy of Ireland. In 1855 he joined the Grenadier Guards in the Crimea, and served at the siege of Sebastopol. On the conclusion of the war he was appointed Equerry to the Prince Consort, and after His Royal Highness' death, proceeded to Canada, where he commanded a battalion of the Grenadier Guards. On April 8th, 1870, he was appointed private secretary to Her Majecty the Queen, and in October, 1878, Keeper of H. M. Privy Purse. He was a member of the Privy Council, Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath, Knight of the Third Class of the Order of the Medijidie, Receiver-General of the Duchy of Lancaster, and one of the Royal Comissioners in the exhibition in 1851.

London, Nov. 21.—Mr. John Dillon, the well known Irish leader and anti-Parnellite member of parliament for East Mayo, was married this morning at the Brompton Oratory to Miss Mathew, daughter of Mr. Justice Mathew. After the ceremony the Bishop Galway read a telegram from the Pope bestowing his blessing upon the marriage.

The Manchester Guardian to-day says it is reported that in the communication from the Sultan of Turkey, read by the Marquis of Salisbury on Tuesday last at Brighton, Abdul Hamid offered, after the execution of the reforms in Armenia, to visit London and other European capitals for the purpose of arriving at a complete understanding with the Powers relative to the future administration of the Ottoman empire.

The British steamer Nessmore, Captain Richardson, from Montreal, on November 5, for Liverpool, is ashore on Coll Island, off the coast of Scotland, with 14 feet of water in her hold. The crew were landed safely.

The trial of Jabez S. Balfour, ex-member of parliament, and his fellow defendants, Wright, Theobald, Brock, and Dibley, on the second indictment found against them, began this morning, before Sir C. Hannaford Brice, in the Queen's Bench division.

The charge upon which Balfour and his companions, except Dibley, were convicted, was fraud in connection with the Lands Allotment Company, one of the Liberator group. The trial to-day is upon an indictment charging frauds in connection with houses and lands. The investment of trust funds and similar charges of fraud in connection with other Liberator companies are the bases of indictments which are yet to be tried.

POWERS PREVAIL

Quiet Has Apparently Been Restored in the Much Troubled Turkish Empire.

With the Exception of Zeitoun, Where Armenians Are Still Holding Out.

Prisoners Unconditionally Released—They Tell Terrible Tales of Torture.

Constantinople, via Sofia, Bulgaria, Nov. 21.—The six representatives of the Powers held a conference yesterday to discuss certain supplementary measures which will be recommended to the Porte for the restoration of order in Asia Minor, and it is understood that some form of common action for the protection of foreigners is pending. The concentrating of Turkish troops at Marash for the advance upon Zeitoun, which is still held by the Armenians in strong force, continues as actively as possible under the circumstances. The commanding general declares that unless the Armenians of Zeitoun and vicinity are subjugated within a fortnight the campaign is likely to be both protracted and difficult, as the heavy snows and bad roads which are to be expected will hinder the operations of the troops.

Advices from Aleppo say that all the American citizens of Aintab, Orfah and Mardin are safe under the protection of the Turkish authorities of the places mentioned. The Turks, it now appears, are really taking steps to protect life and property.

Armenian refugees who have arrived here from different provinces, from which they had fled at the time of the recent massacres, have petitioned the Patriarch to assist those of their co-religionists who were unable to get away, as famine is threatening their country, and they say that the most terrible sufferings may be anticipated when the cold weather sets in. Thousands of Armenian families are without shelter. The Armenians ask the Patriarch to appeal to the different countries of Europe for money, food and clothing, as it seems impossible for the Turkish government to do anything effective in the way of assisting the distressed people.

There has been some sharp exchange of messages recently between the Armenian Patriarch, the Turkish ministers and the foreign ambassadors. The Patriarch was desirous of calling in person upon the minister of the interior and other government officials to place certain complaints before them and to tender his services in the work of relief and reform. But it appears the Turkish officials positively refused to see him in audience until he shall have published an encyclical condemning the alleged intrigues and demands of the Armenians. As it has been demonstrated that the Turks, in the great majority of cases, were to blame for the massacres, and as the Sultan has agreed to the Powers' scheme of reforms for Armenia, the Patriarch was unable to issue such an encyclical, for it would practically admit that the demands of the Armenians were not justifiable. Consequently the Patriarch made an appeal to the ambassadors and placed before them the strongest evidence he could procure regarding the massacres which have occurred recently, and begged the ambassadors to use their influence to put an end to this condition of affairs. He was assured that everything possible under the circumstances would be, and was being done, but the Patriarch was informed that evidence had been furnished which established beyond any reasonable doubt the fact that the agents of the Armenian revolutionary committee had been actively at work inciting the Armenians against Turkish rule, and the Armenians themselves were to blame for a number of outbreaks which had occurred, although this did not justify the bloody revenge afterwards taken by the Turks.

The police are not making so many arrests to-day, and a number of Armenians have been released from the different prisons where they have been confined for some time past. The reason for their unexpected release is that the police have not been able to find evidence against them which would justify further incarceration.

The prisoners made the most startling statements as to their treatment while in custody, and tell horrible tales of the filthy and overcrowded condition of the Turkish prisons. They say they were barely given enough food to keep body and soul together, and they were beaten and otherwise tortured in order to compel them to betray what they knew of the organization of the Armenian revolutionary committee. But, they add, all efforts to make them traitors were in vain.

London, Nov. 21.—A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says the Austrian, Russian and British representatives have applied to the Sultan to give them safe conduct on their outward passage. A dispatch boat will be attached to the boat of each of the representative embassies.

A dispatch to the Times from Odessa says it is stated from Kars, which is located on the Araxschai river, a hundred miles northeast of Erzeroum, that the Russian frontier guards have killed or captured numerous Kurds who have been engaged in pursuing Armenians trying to escape. Three Armenians who have just arrived at Kars state that they are the sole survivors of an Armenian village, which numbered a thousand inhabitants before the massacre.

The Daily News this morning announces that Sir Philip Curric, British minister to Turkey, now en route to his post at Constantinople, via Paris, carries with him an autograph letter from the Queen to the Sultan. In this letter the Queen says she has been deeply distressed because of reports of Armenian massacres in the Turkish empire.

Constantinople, Nov. 21.—Later reports go to show that matters political do not look as bright to-day as they did yesterday. The apparent determination of the Sultan to act energetically in suppressing the disorders in Asia Minor had a decidedly good effect here and elsewhere, and all the troubles which threatened to cause the disruption of the Turkish government were looked upon as almost ended.

But further jarring has occurred, and once more Bahri Pasha is the disturbing element. This notorious offic'al made himself so conspicuous by his cruelty to the Armenians and administrator of his district when governor of Van that the British ambassador, Sir Philip Currie, insisted on his removal. After considerable correspondence on the subject, plain evidence of the Pasha's unfitness for the position having been furnished to the Sultan, the latter removed Bahri Pasha. Bahri, however, brought the strongest influence to bear upon Abdul Hamid, protested his entire innocence of the charges brought against him, claimed that his removal was brought about by the intrigues of the Armenians, and eventually he was not only forgiven, but was decorated with the order of Osmonica and complimented upon his efforts to suppress the disorders. Soon afterwards it was rumored that Bahri Pasha was to be appointed to the command of a large force of Turkish troops being concentrated with difficulty at Marash, in order to move upon Zeitoun, which is held by the Armenians in force, after having captured the Turkish garrison, consisting of about four hundred men. This report raised such a storm of indignation in diplomatic and other circles that the Sultan was compelled to abandon the plan.

Now, however, the storm has burst again, for Bahri Pasha has been appointed military commander of Aleppo district. The bad impression which this has produced can hardly be exaggerated, for the diplomats feel that it will be impossible to prevent him from pursuing the same tactics at Aleppo as he did at Van, and which caused Sir Philip Currie to demand his recall, in which case the Christians of Aleppo district will suffer severely for their outbreaks against Turkish rule.

When the news of Bahri Pasha's appointment to the military command of Aleppo was confirmed, the representatives of the Powers held a meeting and discussed matters. The result was that they joined in a note to the Turkish government saying that they cannot answer for the consequences that might ensue should the Armenians at Zeitoun be massacred after their surrender. In order to understand the situation thoroughly, it should be explained that Aleppo, although situated about 75 miles distant from Marash, which is about 15 miles from Zeitoun, is the capital of the district of Vilayet Haleba, in which both Marash and Zeitoun are situated. It will thus be seen that the Sultan, while alarmed at the disapproval which the rumor caused, refrained from appointing Bahri Pasha to the immediate command of the Turkish troops being concentrated at Marash, he has made Bahri Pasha military commander of Aleppo district, which will naturally give him control over the commander of the Turkish troops at Marash. This fact is causing some further uneasiness.

This uneasy feeling is intensified by the fact that hurried and frequent councils of the ministers at the palace are being held, and some plain language is said to have been indulged in by the Sultan. That a sweeping out of the present cabinet is contemplated nobody doubts; indeed, people are astonished that it did not take place when the Sultan underwent his change of mind as the result of the assembling of the for-

(Continued on Page 8.)

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WATCHING UNCLE SAM'S NAVY

Germany's Emperor Concludes That It is Meant for a War With Great Britain.

New Ships to be Built—Inspection of the Defective Battleship Texas.

Washington City, Nov. 21.—A board composed of Rear-Admiral Walker, Chief Engineer Farmer, Commanders Converse and Bradford and Constructor Bowles, with Lieutenant Hunker as recorder, has been appointed to meet at the navy department to consider the plans for the new battleships five and six, with a special reference to the position of the rams. Since the plans were drawn, a discussion has sprung up among naval experts on this point, some holding that the rams should be placed low down in the water, so as to easily penetrate the enemy's hull in the thin plate, while others contend that it should be placed so as to strike the armor belt, thereby crushing in the side of the enemy and at the same time avoiding the danger of becoming fast in the hull and being carried down with the stricken ship. At present the plans provide for the latter type of rams and it will be for the board to determine which position is the better.

Instead of relying upon the regular inspection board, the navy department will probably appoint a special board to examine the battleship Texas, with reference to changes proposed to be made in the internal arrangements and especially with reference to the damage sustained in the recent docking. As there are stories afloat that the ship is structurally weak and this weakness is owing to a large reduction made in the weight of the frames from the original plans in order that the ship might not exceed her calculated displacement, the board may be charged to make a special examination of these bottom frames and by borings to determine their actual thickness.

Commander Miyoka, naval attache of the Japanese legation here, has made a strong report to the naval department of Japan on the merits of the United States battleship Indiana. He spent a week on the Indiana at sea and on deck. He sums up his conclusions in saying that the Indiana is a splendid ship, equal if not superior to any battleship of her class afloat. His report is of great detail, showing all her points of superiority. Commander Miyoka's report, coming at the time when contracts for ships are about to be let, will doubtless be of material assistance to American bidders.

San Francisco, Nov. 21.—A special from New York to the Chronicle says:

Two interesting and significant stories were told in the Brooklyn navy yard which have a special bearing on events now in the progress of development. The first relates to the young German emperor, who made several visits to the white squadron when it was at Kiel. One day he was talking with a celebrated American captain.

"Captain," said he, "I see that most of your country's warships are fast cruisers. What do you call them? Ah, commerce destroyers, do you not?"

"Yes, Emperor," said the American.

"We've been watching you on this side," the Emperor went on, "and we have come to the conclusion that these ships are built for a war with England. What other nation has any commerce to destroy?"

There was silence after this, for our captain had said more than he intended to.

Grand Duke Alexis, who is a full Russian admiral and head of the Russian navy, was also a frequent visitor to the Americans at Kiel. One day while watching the Columbia the Grand Duke said to the captain:

"I'm glad you Americans are re-building your fleet. Do you know what most impressed me when I visited your country? The first thing was your wonderful natural wealth and the second the absolutely inadequate means at your disposal for national defence. Twice in my career I have heard the project of capturing one or two of your great cities and holding them for ransom deliberately discussed by officers of European fleets, whose countries had hard work to make ends meet. And they mean it, too, but they were told that Russia and the United States are friends."

IMMIGRATION BUREAU

Is the Name of a New Organization to Attract Population.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 21.—The Northwestern Immigration convention continued its session to-day with increased interest. Among the speakers were Archbishop Ireland, who delivered an address on "Immigration to the Northwest."

Hon. T. M. Daly, of Manitoba, Canadian minister of the interior, spoke at length on the products and industries of the Canadian northwest.

A resolution for permanent organization was proposed and adopted. The organization will be known as the Western Immigration Bureau, and its members shall be the Northwest States and Manitoba.

SAN FRANCISCO MAY WIN.

Her Chances of Getting the National Republican Convention Are Bright.

Columbus, O., Nov. 21.—The statement that J. S. Clarkson has written to a friend in Pittsburg, telling him to rent rooms for the National Republican convention, has not been confirmed, and now comes a story that during the recent meeting here, at which were present a number of Ohio politicians friendly to Governor McKinley, it was given out confidentially that 21 members of the national committee had pledged themselves to San Francisco and that the railroads agreed to make a $25 round-trip rate. If this be true, San Francisco has only five more members to get to secure the convention.

—You may eat cheap food and not be seriously hurt by it; but you cannot take cheap medicines without positive injury. If you use any substitute for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, you do so at the peril of your health, perhaps of your life. Insist on having Ayer's and no other.

—China tea sets at Cheapside.

BARNEY'S STOCKS BADLY HIT.

The Bears Seem to be Making a Dead Set on Them.

London, Nov. 20.—The stock markets here to-day were flat from start to finish. There was a semi-panic with indiscriminate selling. The news cabled in these dispatches yesterday about the disappointment in the crushing returns of one of the deep-level Kaffir mines nearly knocked the bottom out of the mining market. It must be remembered though that at present nothing is officially stated, and some persons attribute the report to the bears. Mining shares closed at the lowest point since the slump occurred.

Consols closed at 105⅝, and were heavy on bear sales. Americans were dull in sympathy with other markets, but closed above the worst.

No special developments were known to-day, either political or financial, but continental sales pour in from all sides and London markets are flooded with bankrupt stock.

THE AMEER IS ANNOYED

Because His Son Failed to Arrange for a Representative in Great Britain.

Nazrullah May be Disgraced on His Return, and One of His Staff Tortured.

London, Nov. 21.—The Evening News publishes a letter from Puetta, a small town of Beloochistan, near the Afghanistan frontier, which states that the Ameer of Afghanistan is greatly annoyed at the failure of Nazrulla Khan, his second son, during his recent visit to England, to arrange for a permanent Afghanistan representative at London. In consequence of the rage of the Ameer of Afghanistan, many persons have been buried alive, a great number of his subjects have been imprisoned, while many others have fled. A notable who accompanied Prince Nazrullah on the occasion of his visit to England, named Kotwal, is to be tortured as soon as he arrives. It is expected that Nazrullah Khan himself will be punished and that possibly he may be banished from Afghanistan.

The visit of Nazrullah Khan was one of the features of social and political life in London last summer. The Ameer himself was invited to pay a visit to England, but his health would not permit him to accept the invitation.

At first it was proposed that his eldest son, Prince Habbibull, should go to England instead of the Ameer, but the Ameer, having virtually handed over the reins of government to the heir-apparent, decided he could not allow him to leave Cabul. The idea of representing the Ameer devolved on the second son, Nazrullah. No expense was spared in selecting presents for the royal heads of Europe, fully two lahks of rupees having been expended at Cashmere for the purchase of rich shawls and other costly presents. In addition to this, large sums were paid out for the purpose of giving all the crowd of his son's followers suits of clothing and money suitable to their rank, etc.

The eccentricity of Prince Nazrullah has amused and astonished all Europe. It was expected upon his return to Afghanistan that he would wed the daughter of a wealthy chief. But this part of the programme he seems to have disregarded owing to the disfavor because of the failure of the political end of his mission. One estimate was made showing that his few weeks' visit in London cost the English government £6000 for entertainment and travelling expenses, exclusive of the large bills brought in by proprietors of hotels where the prince stopped because of the peculiar methods of the natives of his suite, some of them even preparing at the rooms of the hotels, after the manner of Afghans, the animals prepared for food for their master.

PUGET SOUND DEFENCES.

An Appropriation of $10,000,000 Will Be Recommended for Fortifications.

Tacoma, Wn., Nov. 21.—Senator Squire addressed a meeting of business men this morning at the chamber of commerce on river and harbor improvements.

Senator Squire is chairman of the senate committee on coast defences. In reference to General Schofield's recommendations, soon to be made to the secretary of war, he said:

"It is almost assured the general will recommend fortifications on Puget Sound, to cost at least $10,000,000, and to be erected at the following points of vantage: Admiralty Head, near Port Townsend; Narrowstone Point, near Port Townsend; Magnolia Bluffs, north of Seattle; Bainbridge Island, at the entrance to the new Port Orchard navy yard; Brown's Point, near Tacoma; and Point Defiance, near Tacoma, together with other fortifications of minor importance. My main effort will be to secure these appropriations. They are needed on Puget Sound to guard against the possible invasion of hostile fleets."

THE HYAMS MURDER TRIAL.

Dr. Caven Gives Evidence Supporting the Crown's Theory of Murder.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—In yesterday's session of the Hyams trial, Dr. Caven was subjected to a vigorous cross-examination. As he is a man of high standing in his profession, and by far the strongest medical expert which the crown will produce, the defence sought to shake his evidence. Though he was forced to admit that he had altered his opinion as to fractures since the police court examination and that he believed, with the head resting on a solid substance, would be produced most of the injuries, still there was one which he insisted must have been caused by a second blow from a different direction. This is in direct support of the crown's theory that Wells was first struck by some blunt instrument from behind, after which the weight fell on him while lying on the floor.

After putting little more medical evidence in, the crown closed its case against the Hyams brothers this morning.

The defense called Dr. Teskri, who gave valuable testimony for the prisoners by the aid of Wells' skull and with a large hook gave illustrations of how the accident occurred. Witness thought the defense's theory a reasonable one that when the weight caught on the projection Wells looked up the shaft to see what was the matter, and the weight that instant fell and bore him to the ground. One crushing blow was all he could find on the deceased's head.

SALISBURY ON PROTECTION.

He "Declines to Encourage the Romantic Dreams of the Farmers."

Brighton, Nov. 21.—Lord Salisbury, in his address to-day, said he had no new bills to announce. The first thing to claim their attention was the matter of naval defence, so for some time to come it might be expected that the admiralty department would be an important claimant at the doors of the national treasury.

He hoped the government would make a sincere effort to mitigate the agricultural distress in various sections of the country, but declined to encourage any romantic dreams of the farmers, concluding this part of his address with the statement that "protectionist countries are suffering no less than our own."

Brighton, Nov. 21.—At the annual conference of the National Union of Conservative associations held here to-day J. Rankin, M. P. for the Leominster division of Herefordshire, in moving a resolution to the effect that the condition of agriculture demanded the immediate attention of the government, said he did not think it possible to expect a return to protection, but the duty should be taken off tea and placed on wheat, barley, oats and hops. Mr. Rankin is a country gentleman, a man of science, and has distinguished himself by his interest in friendly societies and old age pensions, and was one of Joseph Chamberlain's informal committee on the latter subject.

Pain from indigestion, dyspepsia and too hearty eating, is relieved at once by taking one of Carter's Little Liver Pills immediately after dinner. Don't forget this.

THE WEST COAST SEALING

More Schooners Will be Engaged on the West Coast Than in Former Years.

Necessity of Having a Sub-Collector of Customs on the West Coast.

A number of sealing captains will go down to the West Coast on the Maude this evening for the purpose of securing Indian crews for next year's operations. The rumor that the majority of the sealing schooners would not engage in West Coast sealing during the coming season is not generally credited by sealing men. A petition was circulated among the owners to bind them not to engage in West Coast sealing, but the signatures of all those interested could not be secured, so that it is probable that as many vessels will be there as in former years, if not more. The contention was that as none of the sealing vessels engaged in West Coast fishing last year paid expenses it was useless to risk the lives of the men and run chances of losing their vessels during the stormy weather that is always experienced in early spring on the West Coast.

Another matter which has been discussed in sealing circles is the securing of more stringent regulations to deal with Indian crews. The Dominion act dealing with such matters does not provide for the appointment of shipping masters in places other than those named in the act, but collectors of customs are by virtue of their office shipping masters for the ports in which they are located. There is no sub-collector of customs on the West Coast, there are no means of regularly shipping Indian crews, and they may leave their vessels at any time they see fit or are offered inducements by captains of other vessels and the law cannot reach them. The captains of sealing vessels were put to a good deal of trouble in this respect on the West Coast last year by American vessels coming there and endeavoring to induce Indian crews to leave their vessels. If a sub-collector were appointed at some point on the West Coast where Indian crews could be shipped in the regular way they would be amenable to the law governing such matters, and could be punished for deserting their vessels at any time.

Dr. H. F. Merrill.

No Other Medicine SO THOROUGH AS AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Statement of a Well Known Doctor

"No other blood medicine that I have ever used, and I have tried them all, is so thorough in its action, and effects so many permanent cures as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Dr. H. F. MERRILL, Augusta, Me.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla

Admitted at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Pills for liver and bowels.

Weak, Tired, Nervous

Women, who seem to be all worn out, will find in purified blood, made rich and healthy by Hood's Sarsaparilla, permanent relief and strength. The following is from a well known nurse:

"I have suffered for years with female complaints and kidney troubles and I have had a great deal of medical advice during that time, but have received little or no benefit. A friend advised me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and I began to use it, together with Hood's Pills. I have realized more benefit from these medicines than from anything else I have ever taken. From my personal experience I believe Hood's Sarsaparilla to be a most complete blood purifier." MRS. C. CROMPTON, 71 Cumberland St., Toronto, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25c.

PRISONERS' SECRETS

Given Away by a Letter Found in the Possession of Henry Welsh.

When arrested yesterday by Detective Palmer for supplying liquor to Indians, Henry Welsh produced what he called a letter of recommendation. It was signed "Yours in misery, H. G.," and was written in the provincial jail, from which place Welsh was but recently released. The letter strongly recommended Welsh as a worthy man and one who might be assisted to reach the American side. The writer suggests that Welsh knows the quarry where the prisoners work and a place where he might "plant" some tobacco, if the man to whom the letter was addressed had any "spare silver."

This letter led Warden John to discuss the ways of prisoners. Welsh, he said, was a very hard worker when in jail, but whiskey-drinking was a disease with him, and as soon as he got free it got him into trouble. The place in the quarry where the "planting" is done is as well known to the jail officials as it is to the prisoners. Various articles, such as files, saws, etc., have been found there, but the prisoners have never yet had an opportunity to use them. Even if they did get them before the jailers, they would be of little use to them, as the cells are frequently searched, minimizing the chances of escaping. At present the crowd at the jail were well-behaved, all endeavoring to have their time reduced by good conduct records. He always encouraged prisoners to do this.

If you had taken two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring you would not have that bad coated tongue or bad taste in the mouth in the morning. Keep a vial with you for occasional use.

The Duke of Westminster himself has not anything like an exact idea what his London property, if it were realized, would be worth. He does know, however, that the amount would be considerably in excess of $60,000,000.

—To make the hair grow a natural color, prevent baldness, and keep the scalp healthy, Hall's Hair Renewer was invented, and has proved itself successful.

—Perfume your room by smoking "Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish). 15 cents per package.

LEGAL NOTICES.

In the Matter of the Estate and Effects of Archibald Turner, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the Honorable Theodore Davie, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, has granted probate of the will of Archibald Turner to Simeon Duck and Oregon Columbus Hastings, the executors therein named.

All persons indebted to or having claims against the estate are to make payment or application for payment as the case may be to the executors at the office of the undersigned.

Dated this 9th day of November, 1895.

WILLIAM DUCK,

Room 6, Duck Building, Broad street, Victoria, Solicitor for the Executors.

nov9-1mo.

In the goods of Carlo Bossi, Deceased

All persons indebted to the estate of the late Carlo Bossi, deceased, are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness forthwith to the undersigned or to Americo Vincenzo Bossi, No. 185 Johnson Street, Victoria, B. C., and all persons having any claims against the said estate are requested to send full particulars of their claims, duly verified, to the undersigned or to the said Americo Vincenzo Bossi, No. 185 Johnson Street, Victoria, B. C., before the 16th day of December, 1895.

Dated the 15th day of November, 1895.

FRANCIS B. GREGORY,
Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B. C.
Solicitor for Americo Vincenzo Bossi and Andrea Calvino Bossi, Executors of the Estate of the late Carlo Bossi, deceased.

nov16-1m

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between W. D. McKillican and A. S. Robertson, as ranchers at North Saanich, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the late firm must be paid to W. D. McKillican, who will also discharge the late firm's liabilities.

Dated at Victoria, this 16th day of November, 1895.

W. D. McKILLICAN
A. S. ROBERTSON

Witness: C. A. Gregg. nov16-1w

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at their next sitting for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "Jubilee Saloon," situate at 49 Johnson street, Victoria, to Alex. McTaggart, of Victoria.

J. H. GAERDES.

Dated the 5th of November, 1895.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the White Horse Hotel, corner of Humboldt and McClure streets, to Tom Hinchcliffe.

RODERICK CAMERON.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 14th, 1895.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "Senate" Saloon, situate at No. 91 Government street, Victoria, to James Preston, of the City of Victoria.

FRED WELDON.

Dated Nov. 4th, 1895.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "London Saloon," situate on the southeast corner of Johnson and Broad streets, Victoria, to Fritz Schneider, of the city of Victoria.

C. F. JACKSON.

Dated Nov. 4th, 1895.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a transfer to Robert Anderson, of the license now held by me for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Telegraph Hotel, situate at No. 47 Store street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 25th October, 1895.

oc25 MRS. P. A. ASTRICO.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late Samuel Ricketts, are requested to send particulars thereof to Robert Porter or Thomas Shotbolt on or before November 1st, 1895, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to us forthwith.

ROBERT PORTER.
THOMAS SHOTBOLT.
Executors.

oct10-td

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a transfer to Robert B. Hamilton, of the license now held by me for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate on 15 Yates street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 26th October, 1895

oc26 W. J. PHILLIPS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the Clarence Hotel, situate on the corner of Yates and Douglas streets, to George Walker and A. R. McDonald.

GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 7th, 1895. 1m

NOTICE.

Any person who shall have in his possession the deeds of the farm of the late Samuel Ricketts, or any knowledge of the whereabouts of the same, shall be rewarded upon application to R. PORTER or THOS. SHOTBOLT, Executors.

Victoria, Oct. 24th, 1895. nov7-3w

HUCHITT & McINTYRE ESTATE.

Notice to Creditors and Others.

Notice is hereby given that the trustees of the above Estate, acting under the trusts of the deed of assignment bearing date the 9th of October, 1895, for the benefit of the creditors of Amos J. Huchitt require all persons having claims or demands on he said Estate to forthwith send the amount and full particulars thereof to Matthew Trotter Johnson, Wharf street, Victoria, B. C. And notice is also given that at the expiration of one month from this date the Trustees will proceed to distribute the proceeds of the said Estate, having regard to the claims of which the Trustees then have notice.

THOMAS EARLE
M. T. JOHNSTON,
Trustees

Dated November 9th, 1895. 1m

Land Registry Act.

Lot 82, Section XI., Kennedy Town, Sooke District.

Whereas the Certificate of Title of Robert Williams to the above hereditaments, bearing date the 15th day of November, 1895, has been lost, and application has been made for a duplicate of same, notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, October 26th, 1895. 1m

Notice of Assignment.

The Estate of Frederick Landsberg.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Amendment Act, 1894," notice is hereby given that Frederick Landsberg, residing at 87 Herald street, in the city of Victoria, B. C., carrying on business at Government street, in the city of Victoria aforesaid, Pawnbroker and Merchant, has by deed dated the 23rd day of October, 1895, granted and assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects which may be seized and sold under execution, and all his real estate (except leaseholds), unto Gustav Leiser, of Yates street, in the city of Victoria, B. C., and residing at 178 Yates street, in the said city of Victoria, Wholesale Dry Goods Merchant, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and proportionately and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Frederick Landsberg. The said deed was executed by the said parties thereto and the trusts thereby created were accepted and undertaken by the said Gustav Leiser on the 23rd day of October, 1895. Creditors of the said Frederick Landsberg are required to send forthwith full particulars of their claims, proved by statutory declaration, to the said trustee, and all persons indebted to the said Frederick Landsberg are required to pay the amounts of their indebtedness to the said trustee forthwith.

After the 21th day of December, 1895, the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice, and the said trustee will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not, at the time of such distribution, have had notice.

Dated the 23rd day of October, 1895.

WILLIAM DUCK,
Room 6, Duck Building, Broad street, Victoria, Solicitor for Gustav Leiser, Trustee.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Office, corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

Dr. J. Hall, Homœopathist,

Has removed his office to Norwood, Oak Bay Avenue, where he resides.

Hours the same as usual—2 to 5 p.m., and 7:30 to 9 in the evenings of Tuesdays and Fridays. Sundays and holidays excepted.

oct 31-1m

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone, 130.

TO LET.

TO LET—Gentleman's residence with coach house and outbuildings, together with two acres of orchard and garden situate at the southwest corner of Montreal and Simcoe streets, James Bay. Rental $25 per month. Apply to B. C. Land and Investment Agency. nov14-10t.

TO LET—Rooms in a most delightful part of the city, for lady and gentleman or single gentlemen. With or without board. Bathroom and every convenience in the house. Address "Junius," care Times Office. Oct. 31-1m.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Jerseys, 1 cow and calf, $85; 1 cow $70; 2 heifers $55 and $35. T. S. Dobbin, Lake Hill Farm, or H. M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt. nov20-1t

FOR SALE—Extra good cow; newly calved. A. J. Woodward, Ross Bay. nov20-2t

LOST OR FOUND.

FOUND—An upper set of false teeth. Owner can obtain the same by calling at the Times office, proving property and paying for this advertisement. no18-1t

WANTS.

WANTED—Good general servant, who can cook; good wages. Mrs. Piercy, 169 Menzies street, James Bay. nov20-3t

WANTED—Small store or part of store for news stand on or near Government street. Apply G. Marsden, P. O. Box 528. nov20-6t

STAMPS—All kinds postage stamps bought. Send for prices. George Grundy, Bedford Road, Toronto. nov15-4t

AN EXPERIENCED MAN wants employment in city from now until May in return for board and lodging. Address Zeta, Times office no14-1t

WANTED—52 watches to repair, buy sell, or exchange. A cash transaction. Headquarters for a first class job or fine watch repairing. Seal teeth bought. Cash paid for old gold and silver. Chris. Moody, 52 Government street, Victoria. nov14-1m

WANTED AT ONCE—50 men, 25c. an hour, at Beaver Lake Water Works. Walkeley, King & Casey. oct26

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASSFITTERS.
Sell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

SHOOTING MATCH for turkeys and geese at the Traveller's Exchange, Colwood, on Nov. 30th. Busses will leave the Transfer stables between 12 and 2. Round trip 50 cents. L. O. Demers, Proprietor. no12-eod-td.

WALTHAM WATCHES, $7.

In solid silver cases, guaranteed for five years.

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c., New Main Spring, 75c.; Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

WM. CRIMM, - - Carriage Builder,

Begs to announce to his friends and patrons that he has given up his old stand on Johnson street, and removed to Herald street, just below Government street, where he will be glad to see anyone requiring his services. Thanking his patrons for past favors he begs for a continuance of the same, and trusts that others requiring good work at moderate prices will give him a trial. no4-1m

5000 Chrysanthemums

Your choice of 60 Varieties, the finest in cultivation. Tons of Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, etc. Prices Lowest in British Columbia.

McTAVISH'S NURSERY,
oct. 25-1m. 9 Park Road

Vancouver Island Building Society

The 83rd Drawing for an appropriation in the above Society will be held in the Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Saturday the 23rd November, 1895, at 8 p.m. See that your shares are not in arrears.

By Order,
B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

Smoke "ROYAL" Cigarettes (Turkish)

15 CENTS PER PACKAGE.

J. M. FORTIER, Maker.

FUEL.

HARD COAL

PENNSYLVANIA ANTHRACITE.

The only genuine article in Victoria, specially recommended for steady heat and lasting power. Give it a trial and be convinced. There is nothing equal to it. Prices furnished on application.

SPRATT & MACAULAY.

Good Dry
Cordwood
$3.25,
Delivered—Cash.
HARMAN & DICKINSON,
Telephone No. 27 30 Broad Street.

CORDWOOD.

THE SAANICH WOOD YARD
Office: JOHNS BROS., 259 Douglas St.

No. 1 Cord Wood .. ..$3.00.
Cut and split and put in shed, $4.00
Bark, per cord $4.00
Telephone 433. oc26-1m

Best Anti-Combine Coal
FROM SEATTLE,
—AT—
$6 PER TON, DELIVERED.
CORDWOOD $3.25 PER CORD
For sale at
J. E. PAINTER'S,
25 Comorant Street.

Coal $6.00.
Reduction in the price of the old, reliable, genuine,
Wellington Coal - - - .
Until further notice we will sell best double screened Wellington Coal at $6 per ton, delivered in the city.
RATTRAY & HALL,
Sole Agents for R Dunsmuir & Sons.

COAL

Our New Wellington Coal especially adapted for Furnace and Grate

$6 Per Ton!

Delivered in any quantity. Every attention given to prompt deliveries.

Spratt & Macaulay
SOLE AGENTS.

President Diaz, of Mexico, is a man of tremendous energy. At 65 he possesses the bodily and mental activity of a man twenty years younger. He attributes his good health to the fact that he has been a great eater and a good sleeper.

—Good advice: Never leave home on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Hotel Proprietor—Yes, sir, this is the most moral town in America.

Stranger—Nonsense. I saw no end of blacklegs down on the beach this morning, and the most of them were women, too.—Toledo Blade.

IT MAKES PEOPLE TRAVEL

People are Taking Advantage of the Bitter Rate War at Present Raging.

And Both Boats and Trains are Crowded—P. S. S. Co. on the Defensive.

San Francisco, Nov. 21.—There was no further room for cutting of rates by either the Southern Pacific or the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company today. The railroad company maintained its $10 first class and $5 second class rate between this city and Portland, including a Pullman and tourist car berths, while the steamship people stuck to the $5 cabin and $2.50 steerage rates. The navigation company's steamer Columbia will sail to-morrow with 230 passengers. The special train of the Southern Pacific to compete with the steamer will have six crowded Pullman sleepers and three well filled tourist cars. So far there have been no signs of a compromise between the fighting corporations and probably there will not be for some weeks to come.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Company is taking no part in the contest save to protect its passenger business between this city and Seattle and Tacoma. It is understood, however, that this company is willing to join the navigation company in issuing a through ticket between Portland and Southern California points, via Redondo and the Santa Fe's local lines. The Pacific Coast Steamship Company will insist upon full rates between this city and Southern California. The Santa Fe will also charge full local fare from Redondo to inland points. This through ticket, when issued, will therefore represent between Portland and Southern California only the same reductions as are now in effect between here and Portland.

Th passenger traffic on the regular daily trains of the Southern Pacific between San Francisco and Portland is said to be very light on through business, in view of the low rates in effect on the special trains run every fifth day to compete with the navigation company's steamers.

The rate war between the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company and the Southern Pacific continues. To-day the result of the action of the Pacific Coast Company in reducing its rates was made manifest. Late yesterday afternoon the Pacific Coast people decided that, as a matter of self-protection, it would have to enter the fight. When the O. R. & N. people first tried to get the Pacific Coast people to join them in the fight against the Southern Pacific the Pacific Coast demurred. It did not want to lower rates. But when it found that passengers who ordinarily would have gone to Seattle, Tacoma and other points on Puget Sound on the Pacific Coast steamers were buying tickets on the O. R. & N. Co.'s vessels to Portland, and going then by rail to the Sound, it was forced to go into the fight. To-day the agent had out his sign of $8 first class and $5 second class to all Puget Sound points. Likewise the Northern Pacific has been forced to give the Southern a rate of $5 on all passengers from Pugt Sound points to Portland, so that the Southern Pacific's rate is $15, as compared with the steamship's $8—a little less than 100 per cent. more. The Southern Pacific rate is still just twice as much as the steamship's rate to Portland, whether first or second class. The O. R. & N. Co.'s steamship Columbia will leave to-morrow with a complement of 120 passengers, who have taken advantage of the $5 first class cabin rate, including meals and berth, for the two and a half days' travel. The steerage will also probably be full.

Portland, Nov. 21.—As a result of the low fare between Portland and San Francisco, brought about by the rate war between the Southern Pacific Company and the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, about 800 people left this city last night for San Francisco. The Shasta special over the Southern Pacific was sent out in two sections, carrying in all 343 first class and second class passengers. The first section consisted of three Pullmans, one baggage car and one day coach. The second section was made up of thirteen tourist sleepers, one day coach and one baggage car, making the longest passenger train that ever left this city. The first section left at 10 p.m., and the second fifteen minutes later. The regular California express carried only a few passengers. The steamship State of California left her dock last night at eight o'clock with 145 first class passengers, 126 second class and 50 reservations at Astoria, making a total of 321 passengers. Every stateroom and berth was sold, and cots were spread in every available spot on board the ship. A crowd of more than 1000 people crowded on the Ainsworth dock to see the steamer pull out, and more than fifty persons were refused passage.

GOLD MINING.

How the Cost of Extracting Gold from Quartz Has Been Cheapened.

Recent reports of increasing production of gold in this country and elsewhere have attracted attention to new methods of mining and treating the ore, which have greatly reduced the cost of obtaining the metal, and made possible the working of mines containing a very small percentage of gold. In the Colorado gold district the best results in this direction have not yet been reached. It is predicted that when the time comes for the enormous deposit of low grade ore proved to exist at Cripple Creek to be treated anywhere near as cheaply as the cost at Johannesburg, where ores are treated by stamp mills, the "tailings" being passed through cyanide mills. Ten years have been spent in reaching the high state of efficiency and economy there.

Rossiter Raymond, a mining engineer who has had experience in the Colorado mines, said:

The reduced cost of obtaining gold from ores or rock containing it is due:

"(1) To the numerous new deposits of gold opened within the last few years. Such deposits are, of course, more cheaply mined while operations are conducted near the surface. In this country the increased activity in gold mining is doubtless largely due to the discouragement of silver mining by the fall in the price of silver. A large army of prospectors, formerly seeking for silver mines in preference to gold, is now looking for gold. But the most important new developments in gold are those of South Africa, where the deposits (though they have been over-estimated in the speculations of the London stock market) are unquestionably of immense value and productive capacity.

"(2) To the increased efficiency of mining methods and machinery (high explosives, power drills, improved hoists and pumps, cable tramways, etc.), which permits large quantities of low grade material to be handled at a profit.

"(3) To the cheapening of labor and supplies by the extension of railroads, the increase of population, etc.

"(4) To the multiplication (especially in this country) of smelting and other reduction works, which can utilize other ingredients in gold-bearing rock (lead or copper directly, and iron or silica as fluxes), so as to be able to pay to the miner, in some case, the full value of the gold.

"(5) The only innovation in metallurgical methods for the extraction of gold, apart from variations in smelting processes, is the so-called cyanide process, which promises to treat cheaply certain classes of ores and 'tailings.' Its principal competitor is the chlorination process, which is very old, but has been much improved, and is now the most perfect of all methods for gold extraction from material suitable to it. This process usually requires a preliminary 'roasting;' and it is claimed that the 'cyanide' process can be successfully operated without the preliminary. Probably the ultimate verdict will be that each process has its special field, and that the choice between them will depend upon a careful consideration of all the elements of the special case—nature of material, cost of chemicals and skilled labor, expense of plant, etc. At the most successful of the southern gold mines, the Haile mine in South Carolina, a profit is secured from material containing as mined about $4 per ton. This is first crushed and amalgamated in a stamp mill, and then the sulphide ores, unaffected by amalgamation, are saved by mechanical concentration, to be roasted, chlorinated, and leached.

"Rock yielding free gold to the extent of $3 per ton can be mined and amalgamated with profit under favorable conditions as to size and accessibility of deposit, cost of power, wages, etc., provided the operation is on a large scale." The Evening Post.

—See "our show" of "skin rugs:" also a line of chenille table covers. Weiler Bros

THE LOSS OF JENKINS' EAR.

It Precipitated a Costly War Between Britain and Spain.

Up to the middle of the last century the rivalry of England and Spain for the command of the seas was very acute. Spain claimed the right of search in American waters, and she often exercised it with great harshness. In the year 1731 an English trading sloop, commanded by a man named Jenkins, was overhauled in the West Indies by a Spanish guardship, the commander of which, finding nothing contraband, tore off one of Jenkins' ears, bidding him carry it to King George, and tell him that if he caught him he would treat him in the same way. This ear Jenkins carried about with him wrapped up in cottons. A few years afterwards the relations between England and Spain became very strained. The English people were eager for war, but the prime minister, Sir Robert Walpole, made every effort to maintain peace. Then the war party brought Jenkins to the front. He appeared before the house of commons and produced his ear. On being asked by a member what were his feelings at the time of the outrage, he said: "I recommended my soul to God, and my cause to my country." These words ran like wildfire through the nation, and raised the popular indignation against Spain to fever heat. Walpole for a time resisted the popular demand, but was at last forced to declare war. Then followed a contest which cost England forty millions of money and thousands of lives. Though England gained by it little direct advantage over Spain, yet it can hardly be doubted that the war precipitated the decline of the latter Power, and facilitated the transfer of the sovereignty of the ocean to England.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Relief in One Day.

South American Nervine relieves the worst case of Nervous Prostration, Nervousness and Nervous Dyspepsia in a single day. No such relief and blessing has ever come to the invalids of this country. Its powers to cure the stomach are wonderful in the extreme. It always cures; it can not fail. It radically cures all weaknesses of the stomach, and never disappoints. Its effects are marvellous and surprising. It gladdens the hearts of the suffering, and brings immediate relief. It is a luxury to take, and always safe. For sale by Hall & Co., and Dean & Cryderman.

—"Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish) conduce to joy and happiness while smoking and afterwards. Try then once. 15 cents per package.

FORMATION OF COAL BEDS.

The Plant Theory of Lesquereaux Still Holds Good.

Many theories have been advanced to account for the existence of coal, and their merits have been discussed by many learned men. Still the pleasing thesis of Lesquereaux has not been destroyed or shaken, and the virgin forests he conjured up from the shale and coal are accepted yet to-day. It may easily be drawn from analogy that the bed of clay ever found beneath the coal bed is the floor of the primeval swamp, and this has often yielded fossilized specimens of wood that have often told the secrets of the coal. In the roof-shales of many mines, too, have been found the delicate fronds of the fern, and those delightful little enrios, bringing us in so close contact with a far distant past, are often the most interesting treasures of the musee. Lesquereaux, it might be noted here, was led to the conception of his vegetable theory for coal by prior investigations into the origin of peat. After close and diligent labor he discovered the affinity between peat and the fibre of existing trees, and established a knowledge of the changes which had taken place. Since then chemistry and the microscope have added additional proofs and convincing facts of the origin of the black diamonds. All kinds of acids and unctuous substances are still found in the coal that prevail to a greater or less degree in wood, and which have been retained in its composition despite the lapse of countless ages. But the penetrating lens of the microscope have revealed the greater truths. By means of this it is actually possible to trace the woody fibre and even to distinguish the air cells as clearly as in a piece of wood taken from a tree to-day. This condition may not be always prevalent, but it can at times be found, and proves conclusively the vegetable theory. Yet it is strange that in the face of this other theorists will enthusiastically advocate the extraordinary proposition that coal is a natural composition and has oozed out of original matter like gneist, or granite, or lava. The suggestion that it would have ignited if brought into contact with great heat would probably be airily discounted on the ground of a lack of air. However, so far as theory goes, the vegetable theory is the theory that accounts for coal.

—For a pain in the chest a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief. This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

—Imported Egyptian Cigarettes cannot compare with the "Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish). 15 cents per package.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK
Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

—FOR— ATHLETES WHEN TRAINING. JOHNSTON'S —FOR— INVALIDS AND CONVALESCENTS.
: FLUID : BEEF :
—FOR— SOLID COMFORT AS A BEVERAGE. —IS— INDISPENSIBLE IN SICKNESS AND HEALTH. —FOR— STRENGTH —TO— ALL.

ROYAL SCALP FOOD,
Price $1.00
6 Bottles $5.00 Exp. Pd.

CURES BALDNESS, STOPS FALLING HAIR, CURES DANDRUFF, RESTORES FADED AND GRAY HAIR TO NATURAL COLOR AND VITALITY. PERFECTLY HARMLESS. WARRANTED. CLEAR AS WATER. NO SEDIMENT. NO LEAD, SULPHUR OR CHEMICALS

ONE HONEST MAN AND BUT ONE RELIABLE
HAIR FOOD.
NO DYE.
We feed the Hair that which it lacks and nature restores the color.

THEORY.
ROYAL SCALP FOOD destroys the diseased germs of the scalp and a healthy action is set up.
It contains the principal properties of the hair that are necessary to its life without which it will not grow. It fertilizes the scalp the same as you do a field of corn and growth is certain. It invigorates the sluggish scalp, cleanses it and thoroughly eradicates all dandruff, which is the forerunner of baldness.
It is the ONLY remedy ever discovered that will restore the Life, Beauty and Natural Color to the hair without harm. MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.
SEND FOR FREE PAMPHLETS.
STATE AND LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

ROYAL SCALP FOOD CO.
Box 305, WINDSOR, ONT.

R. P. RITHET & CO.,
LIMITED.,
Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.,
Wholesale Merchants, Shipping & Insurance Agents.

Proprietors Victoria Wharf, Outer Harbor,
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Victoria Canning Co. of British Columbia, Fraser River, Skeena River and River's Inlet Canneries.
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New Tweeds,
New Overcoatings,
... And a ...
Fine Line of FULL DRESS FABRICS
... just to hand ...
A. Gregg & Son,
Merchant Tailor. 62 Yates St.

NOVEMBER.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
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JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER,

Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.

The Daily Times.

A QUESTION OF STONE.

When tenders were invited for the new postoffice (which is now being erected as fast as the small appropriation will permit) the specifications called for Saturna Island sandstone, or other stone of equal quality. About that time, or after the contract had been awarded, there was some difficulty in obtaining the stone from the Saturna quarry, and specimens of Gabriola and Newcastle stone were submitted to the government with the view of obtaining official sanction for the use of either instead of the Saturna Island material. Some time in August the department at Ottawa notified those in authority at this end of the line that the Gabriola rock had been rejected (presumably because it was not up to the standard) and that permission was given to use the Newcastle stone provided the cost of the work was not thereby increased to the country. So far so good. But now comes the curious—in the absence of fuller information we will not say the "suspicious"—part of the business. By some means or other, the judgment of the Ottawa expert who condemned Gabriola stone was revised, and permission has been given to the contractors to use material that only a few weeks ago had been rejected. In the meantime the obstacles to obtaining Saturna Island stone, which was named in the specifications on which the tenderers figured, have been removed, and the original design of the department in regard to the material to be used could therefore very easily have been carried out. It is further alleged that the substituted article is a quality of stone not superior to that which was used in the old postoffice building, which was found very defective at the time of construction. But whether as worthless as that or not, the fact remains that the Gabriola rock was at first rejected by the department and subsequently—and presumably under pressure or through methods not unknown to politicians—the condemned article was accepted.

This is the story as it is told on the streets by contractors and politicians. It may or it may not be exactly accurate as stated; but it will be conceded, even by the "organ," that only those who are behind the scenes know all the details of the transaction and are in a position to speak authoritatively. We simply state the public's knowledge of the affair and ask for explanations. Naturally, with the knowledge possessed of the public works department, the people will be prone to suspect something crooked.

THE END OF THE FARCE.

Nobody will much regret the conclusion of the farce that will be known in history as the Hutchison investigation, and the decision of the court no doubt commends itself to the majority of the citizens. At the same time it seems to be the fact that the superintendent was not wholly unneedful of discipline which should have been administered quietly and without the farcical exhibition to which the public has been treated. The members of the electric light committee and the mayor should have been able to judge, without all this fuss, whether an employe of the city was doing the work to which he was appointed. It should not have been necessary to even set a watch on his movements. The matter having shaped itself as it did in consequence of their action, we do not know that the majority of the aldermen could have taken any other course than that which they followed. They are to be commended for having brought the matter to a settlement as promptly as possible, and the citizens may well wish that no repetition of the trouble should occur.

The Conservative Kingston News does not welcome the idea that Mr. Chapleau is to be asked to join the Bowell government. It says: "The Ottawa liar delights in depicting Sir Mackenzie Bowell on his knees before the Hon. Mr. Chapleau, and the Hon. Mr. Chapleau refusing to have anything to do with him. It was while Mr. Chapleau was secretary of state that the government printing bureau fell into a condition enabling dishonest employes to put thousands of dollars into their pockets at the expense of the people. Mr. Chapleau may be a magnificent orator, able to stir the French breast and add popular strength to the government, but as an executive officer he has been an egregious failure, and while Sir Mackenzie Bowell remains at the head of affairs it is safe to predict that he will not even be asked to rejoin the Dominion government."

An Ottawa correspondent says: "Speaking of the solicitor-generalship, it has come out how Mr. Curran was appointed a judge. He informed Sir Mackenzie Bowell that the vacancy in the cabinet could not be filled so long as he was solicitor-general. In other words, that he must be promoted to the vacancy, holding the position he did and representing a Quebec constituency as he did. If this was not admitted he threatened to resign and to appeal outside to his friends. The premier was alarmed at the prospect, and Mr. Curran was shelved on the bench. Mr. Curran had had a little experience of what could be done with the present weak ministers in the matter of a judgeship. When Judge Barry, of Montreal, died, and Mr. Ouimet put through council a nomination of a French-Canadian for the position, Mr. Curran vigorously protested, and so successfully that the council reversed its decision and appointed Mr. Purcell, an Irish Catholic."

At the meeting of the New Westminster council the other evening Ald. Keary asked and was granted leave to withdraw the notice he had given for a by-law to authorize the sale of the civic electric light and water works. The alderman explained that he had given the notice in response to the urgent request of a considerable number of large ratepayers, who thought that if these works could be sold they would be eased of an important amount of taxes. Since giving the notice, however, a still larger number of ratepayers had requested him to withdraw it, and therefore he submitted to the wishes of the majority, though many of those who first urged him in the matter were still anxious for him to go ahead and lay the by-law before the people. Those who rashly concluded from Ald. Keary's notice that the civic ownership of light and water services was a failure are rather badly left in the lurch by its withdrawal in accordance with the wishes of the majority.

HYPATIA, THE HEATHEN.

Beautiful, Talented, Wise, Pure and a True Humanitarian.

One of the most remarkable women of any age was the daughter of the mathematician and philosopher, Theon, whose name, Hypatia, has been made familiar to many people by Kingsley's famous novel bearing that title. She was born in Alexandria about the year 350, and at an early age began the study of mathematics and philosophy under her father. Later she went to Athens for the benefit of intercourse with the teachers of that city, and returning, she established a school in Alexandria which was attended by the distinguished youths of that city, over whom her influence is said to have been extraordinary. This was in part due to her great ability and learning, and in part to her remarkable charms of person and manner. At the age of 50 she succeeded her father in the chair of philosophy, and was then at the zenith of her fame and beauty. Her life is said to have been one of spotless purity, and her influence was ever on the side of the good and noble. On several occasions she appeared as an advocate in the courts of law and with great success.

Her knowledge of affairs seems to have been as deep as her philosophical researches, and she was for many years the confidential friend and adviser of the prefect of Alexandria. Orestes was a Christian by profession, while Hypatia was not. Cyril, bishop of Alexandria, was jealous of the powers of Orestes, who had successfully interposed his authority to restrain the fanatical zeal of the bishop, whose persecution of the Jews was inconceivably harsh. He drove them from the city in thousands, destroyed their property, and subjected them to torture and death. Orestes was able to check this for a time, but at length Cyril contrived to influence the Christian populace against him and his adviser, Hypatia. The result was that the streets of Alexandria ran red with blood on more than one occasion. In one of these tumults Hypatia, who was travelling through the streets in a carriage, was seized by the crowd, and with the sanction of the officers of the church, was stripped naked before the people, who fell upon her armed with oyster shells and cut her to pieces, the fragments of flesh being afterwards publicly burned. There is some difference of opinion as to the direct responsibility of Cyril for this murder, but the weight of evidence seems to be that it was committed, if not at his instigation, at least with his full approval. This occurred in the year 415.

Hypatia has often been described as a heathen martyr, but she was a sample of the product of heathenism, the Christianity of the day compared very poorly with the system which it displaced. Hypatia was the head of the Neo-Platonic school of the ancient Occidental schools. It may be described as an amalgamation of Oriental and Occidental thought. At the beginning of the Christian era the Roman world was given over to what we would nowadays call agnosticism. The philosophy of Greece, which had fallen far below the high ideals of Plato, was unsatisfactory to the Roman mind. The teachings of Christianity, as advanced by the illiterate apostles, seemed too crude for the refined and intellectual minds which studied in the schools of Athens and Alexandria, but they saw in it what was lacking in the ancient heathenism, and set themselves to work to reform the latter so as to make it conform to the new and higher standard.

The Neo-Platonists were heathen only in the sense that they were not Christians. They were not idolators, and they inculcated the highest purity of life. They believed in a deity, whom they described as absolutely good, incapable of being understood by the mind, who was from the beginning and is the principle and cause of all things. This deity was manifest in three aspects, one of which was the human soul. Thus Plotinus, one of the great teachers of the school, when dying said: "I struggle to release the divinity that is within me." Here the reader will notice the same line of thought as that expressed in the first chapter of St. John's gospel, where the apostle, speaking of Christ as one with God, refers to him as "the light which lighteth every man which cometh into the world."

What the future of Neo-Platonism would have been if Christianity had not been accepted by the Roman emperors, and been converted into a vast political power, no one can guess. The discriminating student will see that the discord between it and Christianity was more in regard to names than anything else.

After the death of Hypatia this school of philosophy declined in influence, but for more than a thousand years its teachers still had their classes in Alexandria. In the year 533 the Emperor Justinian closed these schools and banished the teachers to the remotest regions of the Roman empire.

Hypatia may be regarded as the consummation of womanly perfection under ancient heathenism. History at first dealt harshly with her, representing her to be one inspired of Satan to allure by her beauty and talents the Christian magistracy from the true faith; but later her noble qualities of mind gained ascendancy over her traducers, just as her personal graces won the hearts of all who came in contact with her. A woman of marvellous beauty, of talents that made her the leader of men of thought, of wisdom that qualified her to administer justice in the most corrupt and cosmopolitan city that the world has ever seen, with a woman's heart that hated cruelty in every form, and prompted her to sacrifice her life for those with whom she had no more sympathy except that of common humanity—such was Hypatia.

Beware of Fraud.

Kurtz & Co.'s Spanish Blossom Cigars have the blue Pacific Coast label on every box, all others under the same brand are imitations made of inferior tobacco. Kurtz & Co. have union men only in their shop.

—New line of pocket cutlery just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. Shaving outfits a specialty, guaranteed.

—Sweet taste remains after smoking "Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish). 15 cents per package.

$30,000 $30,000

$30,000 worth of Goods must POSITIVELY be disposed of before Christmas, and in order to do so we have cut prices down to less than one-half.

Why attend auction sales of second hand goods when you can buy new goods for less money?

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE FURNITURE CO., LTD.

W. E. McCORMACK, Manager.

$30,000 $30,000

The "BEST" Tonic

A Concentrated Liquid Extract of Malt and Hops, manufactured by the Pabst Brewing Co., Milwaukee, U. S. A.

It Braces! It is Not Intoxicating!

Put up in Barrels—eight dozen, and in Cases—two dozen Pints.

PITHER & LEISER, VICTORIA, B. C.

Use Judgment

Of all the articles you buy, none need more careful attention in selecting than boots. You must consider the style, comfort, general make-up and price. Remember these things when you are getting a pair of Winter Shoes. Probably you might save time by coming right down and asking to see a pair of our

CORK SOLED SHOES.

Pretty sure to suit you. Other Waterproof Goods.

A. B. Erskine,

Corner Government and Johson Sts.

Pleased Customers

Make the best advertisements. They tell THEIR friends THEIR friends buy THEIR Boots, Shoes and Rubbers from

MANSELL'S

95 Government Street

We have the finest line of

Waterproof Boots

For fall and winter wear ever imported to the Province.

GOLF BOOTS, in best makes. We keep the best footgear in the City.

J. H. BAKER, 63 Government Street.

Fix Yourself

For Christmas. You'll want a Suit sure, and perhaps an Overcoat. Let us supply your wants. We can do it and will guarantee satisfaction.

KINNAIRD, THE CASH TAILOR, 46 JOHNSON STREET.

"LOOK IT UP."

To Let To Lease To Let To Lease To Let To Lease To Let To Lease To Let To Lease

SUBURBAN PROPERTIES

House at Mount Tolmie, standing in two acres of cultivated ground, containing 8 rooms and outbuildings, including warm chicken houses to hold 200, stabling for 3 horses, and 12 cows if necessary.

Plow land and pasturage adjoining up to 50 acres can be leased on reasonable terms.

From December the 1st, another house at Mount Tolmie, containing 4 rooms; 3 acres of good land, all fenced. Adjoining pasturage if necessary.

Also small 2-roomed house and 7 1-2 acres of land from Dec. 1st next. Good chicken house and splendid run.

J. H. BROWNLEE,

Financial Agent.

Rooms 38 & 39, Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

P. S.—Arable acreage at prices to defy competition. CALL FOR MAP.

Lady Randolph Churchill, who is at present living in Paris, is a leading figure among the cyclists in the fashionable quarter. It is again rumored that she will shortly marry a prominent officer in the British army.

—Buy genuine Pennsylvania anthracite of Spratt & Macaulay. Sole agents.

NOLTE'S PATENT

Glasses Accurately Adjusted

F. W. Nolte & Co The Only Opticians 37 Fort Street.

Don't Sit Shivering

At home when by the expenditure of a small sum of money you can obtain one of our

Fine Cast Heaters

We have a Large Range in all Shapes, Models and Prices.

PERRY & TURNER,

42 Johnson Street.

Open All Night

For the accommodation of our customers, our store will remain open all night.

C. H. BOWES,

Prescription and Family Chemist; 100 Government St., near Postoffice.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Coal hods at Cheapside. *

—Insist upon your grocer giving you Okell & Morris' Jams. *

—George R. Jackson's store will reopen on Saturday, November 23. *

—Our Pennsylvania anthracite is unrivalled. Spratt & Macaulay, sole agents. *

—The annual fall sale is now in full swing at the Manchester House, Yates street. *

—A creamery meeting will be held at Rowland's Burnside Hotel, on Friday evening, 22nd instant. All invited.

—A meeting will be held at Rowlands' hotel, Burnside road, to-morrow evening, for the purpose of discussing creamery matters. The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock.

—The Ladies' Aid Association of St. Barnabas church will give a concert and social this evening. An interesting programme has been prepared and refreshments will be served.

—Seghers Council, No. 85, will hold their annual dance in A. O. U. W. hall this evening. The hall has been tastefully decorated for the evening and every arrangement made to have a pleasant time.

—The ladies of the Emmanuel Baptist church are to-day holding a sale of work. Luncheon was served after this morning's service, and the congregation remained for the sale. This evening there will be a concert.

—The Royal Arthur and the Wild Swan have both left Esquimalt harbor. The Swan left for the south, and will not return for over a year, while the Royal Arthur will visit Maple Bay and Vancouver before her return.

—The Protestant Orphans' Home and the provincial jail were visited by the grand jury yesterday afternoon. The jurymen presented the matron of the Home with a sum of money to buy sweets for the little ones for their Thanksgiving dinner.

—Mr. John F. Hale and Miss Laura, daughter of Mr. David Sharp, were married by the Rev. Solomon Cleaver at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Donagh last evening. Miss Carrie Smith, of Toronto, acted as bridesmaid, and Mr. C. H. Bowes supported the groom.

—The entertainment given in the A. O. U. W. hall for the benefit of Mrs. Blake proved a financial success. After all expenses were paid there is left a balance of $60.00. Mrs. Lang, Mr. E. A. Wolff, and the others who took part, are entitled to much credit for their efforts in making the affair a success.

—Judge S. D. Griffiths and E. J. Fader, of Tacoma, and William Beadsley, of Pittsburg, left this morning for Cariboo. They are members of the Main Quesnelle Mining & Dredging Company, which is about to put in a dredging plant on the Quesnelle river. They have a lease of ten miles of the river, from the mouth of Beaver river.

—As a result of the recent hospital ball, the Ladies' Auxiliary have added $350 to the Jubilee hospital funds. The total receipts from all sources was $553.10, and the expenditure $223.10. The ladies wish to thank all those who in any way contributed to the success of the ball, and particularly Mr. J. Creedon, who gave his services on the night of the ball free of charge.

—The entertainment given in Temperance hall, South Saanich, last evening, was well attended. Mrs. Jarley's wax works were the principal part of the programme. A special train from the city ran out for the convenience of those who wished to attend. The proceeds are to be divided between St. Luke's church, Cedar Hill, and the hall in which the entertainment was held.

—The City of Topeka arrived at the outer wharf last evening from Alaska. She had on board a large number of passengers and a full cargo of freight. The Topeka, after a short stay in port, proceeded to the Sound. While at the outer wharf she discharged one hundred barrels of herring oil from Killisnoo, consigned to an European firm. She reports very mild weather in Alaska, there being an entire absence of snow when she left there.

—The steamer Harvest Queen, belonging to the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, was beached yesterday morning to save her from sinking. The vessel was on her way to Portland from Astoria and ran against a pile which stove a large hole in her stern. A temporary patch was put over the hole and she started on her journey. It was soon discovered that she was slowly sinking and she was beached. The Harvest Queen was built in 1878 and was a pioneer among Columbia river steamers.

—George R. Jackson is preparing for a great wonder sale. *

—The Egyptian Book of the Dead at Johnston's, Douglas street. *

—Messrs. Haughton & Co., Manchester House, announce some startling reductions in prices. *

—Spratt & Macaulay have in stock the only genuine Pennsylvania hard coal in Victoria. Give it a trial. *

—Mothers. Do you know that we carry a first class line of boots and shoes for family trade. Gilmore & McCandless. *

—The peculiar feature of the "Royal" Cigarette (Turkish) is its delicate aromatic fragrance. 15 cents per package.

—The Tacoma fire department tug of war team has challenged the Seattle team to pull for $250 a side on New Year's eve.

—Stephen H. Hoskins, of Galiano Island, interviewed Hon. Mr. Turner yesterday in the matter of the assessorship and public roads on that island.

—The steamer Mischief has been chartered by Thomas Earle, M. P., to take a cargo of lumber and supplies for the fishing station on the west coast.

—Messrs. Flint & Prosser are sole brokers for the stock of the Islander Gold Quartz Mining and Milling Co., Ltd., and samples of ore may be seen and all information furnished at their office.

—Thanksgiving service will be held in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock. A special musical programme has been prepared by the choir.

—The artists of the city have formed an Art Union, the executive committee being Messrs. E. S. Shrapnel, R. C. A., L. C. Barff and Thomas Bamford. They will give a loan exhibition early in December.

—There was a large attendance at the Thanksgiving supper held last evening in the school room of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church by the Ladies' Aid Society. It was followed by a very enjoyable concert.

—The following Victoria passengers, per steamer City of Puebla, sailed this morning from San Francisco: Miss Bertha Kellogg, J. C. Doe, O. Hoffmann, Mrs. E. Wilkins, Mrs. Cornell, F. Burke, H. A. Williams and wife, W. Bryder.

—At 4 o'clock yesterday F. V. Hobbs of Douglas street, was united in marriage to Miss Eliza Hix, late of England. The marriage ceremony was performed at the Victoria West Methodist church by Rev. J. P. Hicks. The wedding was a quiet one.

—Tuesday evening's talent social in the Centennial Methodist church realized $159 for the church. Mrs. Betts won the first prize for the largest talent with $15, and Mrs. F. Davey won the prize for the best poem. A yacht model presented by Mr. Nobes was auctioned for $5.

—At the weekly meeting of Perseverance lodge, I. O. G. T., on Tuesday evening, there were four initiations, after which Dr. Ernest Hall read a very instructive paper touching upon the evil effects of alcohol on the human system. A hearty welcome is extended to all visitors.

—The Topeka brought down word from the north that the Al-Ki had one of the blades of her propeller broken. The Al-Ki was to take the place of the Topeka next trip to enable the latter to go into dry dock at Tacoma, but in consequence of this mishap the Topeka will make her regular trip to Alaska, leaving Seattle on the evening of the 23rd inst.

—Yesterday was Mr. Charles Gardiner's birthday, and the occasion was made memorable by a party of friends, who invaded the residence, Labouchere street, last evening. The host and hostess were taken completely by surprise, but extended a hearty welcome to their unexpected visitors and a most enjoyable time was spent by all. After an excellent dinner had been discussed there were musical selections, songs, etc., by the visitors, and dancing was indulged in until after midnight, when the party dispersed.

—The Occidental and Oriental steamship company has chartered another ocean tramp to carry freight from the Orient to San Francisco. The reason for this is that the repairs on the Belgic at Hong Kong will not be completed in time to permit her sailing next month, as scheduled. The vessel chartered is the Afrida, a new steamer, which has just finished her maiden voyage from England to Japan. The Afrida will sail from Hong Kong on December 6th and it is expected will arrive here on January 1st. The Belgic is now scheduled to sail from Hong Kong for San Francisco on February 15th.

—The scenic effects and stage pictures in the production of Cleopatra at the Victoria last evening were worth seeing. They could have been much improved by a better manipulation of the lighting apparatus, but so far as arrangements went they were very effective. A serious cold considerably interfered with the acting of the star, Miss Lewis, the color of whose eyes, complexion and hair, however, does not fit her for an ideal Cleopatra. It was also no doubt due to her indisposition that she lacked the fire and energy essential to such a difficult and important role. Mr. Edmund Collier made a splendid Marc Antony, and with better support would have made a great hit. There were no voices in the combination, an attempt at a chorus several times proving a very wheezy operation, and some songs that were promised were dropped out, doubtless on that account. There were two or three very pretty dances, which were well executed and won a marked reward from the audience. The company gave a matinee to-day, and will close their engagement this evening.

—Easterners wishing the old time Pennsylvania anthracite would be wise in placing their orders with Spratt & Macaulay, sole agents. *

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Souvenirs of Victoria!

A Pretty and Appropriate Christmas Present to send to Friends.

C. E. REDFERN, ::: JEWELER, :::
43 GOVERNMENT STREET.
ESTABLISHED 1862.

CONGREATIONAL CHURCH.

New Church Formally Received into the Denomination.

The constitution of the new Congregational church was found entirely satisfactory, and the church was cordially received by the council of ministers held yesterday in Temperance Hall. Among those present were: Rev. Samuel Green, Rev. A. J. Bailey and Mrs. Bailey, Mr. E. S. Smith and Mr. G. H. Lee, Seattle; Rev. H. C. Mason and Mr. Burpee, Vancouver; Rev. T. W. Butler and Mr. J. F. Falconer, Everett; Rev. J. C. Wright, Fairhaven, and Mr. A. R. Johnson, Whatcom. The ladies of the congregation entertained those present at supper, and at 8 o'clock the evening session was called to order by Rev. S. Green, of Seattle, who announced the decision of the council to recognize the new church, and Rev. H. C. Mason read the minutes of the council meeting admitting the First Church of Victoria into the denomination. The sermon was preached by Rev. T. W. Butler, and Rev. A. J. Bailey offered prayer. Rev. H. C. Mason extended the right hand of fellowship to the church in the persons of the pastor and deacons. An address was delivered by Rev. G. H. Lee, and Rev. R. Trotter, of Calvary Baptist church, welcomed the new church. Mrs. A. J. Bailey, of Seattle, addressed the ladies.

A piano duet was rendered by Misses Stoddart and Cartmel; Misses Scowcroft and Stoddart sang a duet and there was a solo by Mr. J. G. Brown.

A vote of thanks having been tendered the members of the council, Rev. Bussell pronounced the benediction.

Warning to Our Friends.

Our Spanish Blossom cigars are imitated by parties who are trying to sell certain goods by adopting our label, the Spanish Blossom. See that the Pacific Coast label is on every box before you buy. By doing this you receive the best cigar manufactured. Kurtz & Co. *

A NEW ROUTE.

The Island Belle Connecting Whatcom and Sidney, Makes Her First Trip.

The steamer Island Belle arrived at Sidney yesterday afternoon—a day earlier than was expected. She had on board about 25 passengers, who were quickly conveyed to the city by the Victoria & Sidney railway. The Island Belle is a 165 ton steamer, with accommodation for about 200 passengers. She will run three times a week between Whatcom and Sidney, calling at all the islands in the San Juan archipelago. J. L. Thatcher, traffic agent for the Bellingham Bay Steamboat and Transportation Company, is in the city to-day interviewing business men in the interests of his company. The company offers the same rates by the Island Belle for freight from the east and from Seattle as those levied by the Seattle boats. Passengers can also come by this route from Seattle, as the company have a boat running between Seattle and Whatcom, which makes close connections both ways with the Island Belle. The route being among the islands of the gulf is a most picturesque one in summer, and is free from rough weather in the winter. The farmers of San Juan and other islands in the gulf are pleased that they can send their product direct to Victoria by this route, and intend working up a considerable trade in farm produce here.

—To-day was generally observed as a public holiday. All the banks, public offices, schools and wholesale houses were closed all day, and the retail houses closed in the afternoon. The schools will not re-open until Monday. Services were held in most of the city churches this morning, the afternoon being given over to pleasure. There was a large attendance at the matinee given by the Cleopatra company at the theatre and the fine weather took many out in the country.

—The funeral of little Gertie Adams took place to-day at 2 p.m. from the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Adams, North Pembroke street. Rev. Mr. McEwen officiated at the home and cemetery. There were a large number of floral offering, and the following acted as pall-bearers: Masters J. Laurie, L. McMillan, P. Duncan, H. Wilson, H. McEwen, P. Marchant.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Stewart of 21 Rendall street, James Bay, mourn the loss of their little eight months' old girl. The funeral takes place Friday afternoon.

PERSONAL.

Capt. Thompson, of Vancouver, is at the Orlental.

W. J. Taylor returned last evening from the Mainland.

Alexander Begg came over from the Mainland last evening.

Rev. P. H. McEwen returned from the Sound this morning.

C. M. Davidson, of Davidson Bros, Vancouver is in the city.

W. J. Maxwell and wife, of New York, are at the New England.

E. L. Beer, of the Bank of Montreal, New Westminster, is at the Driard.

Lieut.-Governor Dewdney returned from Ottawa by last evening's Charmer.

F. M. Rattenbury, architect for the new parliament buildings, returned from Vancouver last night.

Stephen H. Hoskins, of Galiano Island, was the first guest at the Occidental Hotel since its renovation under Mr. Jensen's second management.

B. Springer, of Vancouver, is in the city.

W. J. Callingham, a prominent insurance man of San Francisco, formerly a Victoria business man, is here renewing old acquaintances.

HE FOOLED HIS PARTNER

Capt. Peterson Coming North With His Ship Despite His Partner's Protests.

The Bark McNear Will Load Coal at Departure Bay—How it Was Done.

The bark McNear, Captain Peterson, is on her way from San Francisco to Departure Bay for a load of coal. The voyage is an unusual one, from the fact that one of the owners, Hans Thompson, said that the vessel should not come north. Captain Peterson, who also owns a share in the vessel, said he would come and she is coming.

Captain Peterson formerly commanded the bark Lady Lampson, which he lost near Honolulu. He and the crew drifted about on the ocean in small boats for a number of days, until they were finally picked up and landed at Honolulu. Peterson showed himself to be a man of good business sense, and to be possessed of thrift. Instead of waiting to secure another command he bought Captain Swan's interest in the McNear. It was a small interest—only a one-eighth—but he quietly bought up other interests until he now owns a little more than one-half. Thompson has always acted as managing owner, although owning but three-eighths of the vessel. He secured a charter recently from Chandler & Co., to carry coal from Nanaimo to San Francisco, and the ship was ready to sail Wednesday morning, the tug Vigilant having been ordered to tow her to sea.

On Tuesday afternoon, according to Peterson's story, Thompson asked him for his power of attorney for three years, during which time Thompson would act as managing owner. Peterson refused to sign such a paper, whereat the other told him he could not take the bark to sea. Peterson went to the charterers and explained the situation to them, and he was told by them that the vessel would be filled with coal if she went to Nanaimo. He thought that he had everything all fixed, but when he went to board the Vigilant he was informed that the order to go to sea had been countermanded. The captain jumped into a buggy and drove to the Redstack Towboat Company, but he was refused a tug, as orders had been left not to tow the McNear to sea.

Peterson was dazed for a moment at this unexpected turn of affairs, but he had a good counsellor with him. The tug Alice was lying at Mission street wharf with steam up all ready to do anybody's towing business. It took just about two minutes to arrange a price for a tow and five minutes later the captain was on his way to the McNear. No time was lost in weighing anchor, and when the United States district attorney's office opened the gallant bark was speeding through the Golden Gate in tow of the Alice, far beyond the reach of writs and Mr. Thompson.

The McNear achieved considerable notoriety in the past when Captain Swan held an interest in her. The captain had trouble with Thompson, the principal owner. Thompson hired another captain instead of Swan, when the latter had already cleared the vessel for sea. A personal altercation followed, which resulted in Swan's arrest, Thompson claiming that the captain had drawn a pistol on him. Swan never sailed in the McNear again and finally had to sell his interest in the vessel.

To All Trades' Unions

The genuine Spanish Blossom cigars have the union label on every box. Take no others and help union labor. Kurtz & Co. *

There is no article in the line of medicine that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

WARNING

$100 Reward

Will be given to any one who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade mark by stamping plugs of tobacco with bronze in such a manner as to lead consumers to believe that they are receiving our

MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO

Each plug of which is stamped with

T. & B IN BRONZE.

Our Chewing Tobacco is stamped with T. & B. Tin Tag.

The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

Overcoat Or Doctor?

Nippy mornings, chilly nights. Overcoat'll come in handy. Buzz-saw cut, slop dash sewing doesn't pass muster here.

OVERCOATS!

In most any style, single and double breasted; most any color, brown, blue, tan; most any material, Melton, worsted, beaver, tweed; most any price.

$5.00 to $16.00.

If you think it isn't overcoat time get a doctor quick. Money back if you say so.

CAMERON, THE CASH CLOTHIER, 55 JOHNSON STREET.

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When you buy Jams, Jellies or Canned Goods.

Ask for the Best

Ask for the Goods manufactured by the

Okell & Morris Fruit Preserving Co., Ltd.

Pure! Choice! Delicious!

Boys' Reefers at $1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50 & 4.00.
Boys' Overcoats from $1.50 up with cape.
Boys' Mackintoshes.
Boys' Stockings, 25c, heavy and strong.
Boys' Flannelette Shirts, 25c, 40c up.
Boys' Underwear, 50c, 65c, 90c.
Boys' Clothing, 2-piece, sizes from 22 to 32.
Boys's 3-piece Knicker Suits from 28 to 32 in Single and Double Breasted.
Youths' Suits from $5.00 up. A big assortment.
Men's Cardigan Jackets in Small Men's, Men's, O.S. Men's, Ex.O S. Men's and Ex. Ex. O. S. Men's. Prices $1.50 to 5$

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
35 and 37 Johnson Street.

Fall Sale

TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK

We have concluded that the right time to sell goods is when people need them, and anyone can sell if they sell cheap enough, which we are are going to do.

There was very little rain in August, less in September, and next to none in October—been saving it all up for dripping November. We are over-stocked with Rain Coats expecting to have sold as usual a large quantity in October, but did not, so we have decided to sell them now at prices that will confound all other prices that Rain Coats have ever been sold for.

Our Jacket season has been a success; we have only 61 left, so we will sell them AT COST, which we can do, having made our profit early in the season, being determined that not one shall be left over for next season.

We have a few FUR CAPES left (Greenland and other furs) and notwithstanding the great advance in price of fur, we shall reduce them likewise. We have also decided to reduce our whole stock, especially in Dress Goods, Jackets, Macintoshes and Furs.

AN HONEST MERCHANT dislikes to sell goods without a profit and as a rule he does not do it, but there are times when it seems possible to sell without a profit, and this is one of them. We have an object in view; we want to see new faces, and we want to show the difference between CHEAP GOODS and cheap and good serviceable goods at Cheap Prices.

Dress Goods Department

Double width All Wool Cashmere Serge 20 cents per yard.

Just arrived, a line of Habit Twills Double width, extra heavy, will be sold at 20 cents per yard.

Tweed Mixtures, usual selling price, 40c, reduced to 30c. A line of Tweeds will be sold at 25c.

All Wool Tweeds, (plaids) usual price, 90c, reduced to 65c. Heavy All Wool Tweeds, usual price 85c, reduced to 70c. Heavy Tweeds, 54 in. wide, worth $1, reduced to 75c. Heavy all-wool Serges, black and navy, usual price, 65c, reduced to 50c. All Wool Henriettas, black, worth 50c. reduced to 35 c.

A few Greenland Seal Capes, $25, reduced to $20. Fur Capes, $12, reduced to $9.50. All our Furs reduced in proportion.

A big lot of Remnants of all kinds of Goods very cheap.

Jackets! Mantles! Macintoshes!

JACKETS.

Regular price $4.50, now $3.50		Regular price $ 9.50, now $7.50	
Regular price 5.25, now 4.00		Regular price 10.00, now 7.75	
Regular price 6.00, now 4.50		Regular price 11.00, now 8.25	
Regular price 7.00, now 5.25		Regular price 12.00, now 9.50	

A line of Ladies' Macintoshes, last season's styles, selling at $2 and and $3, reduced to $1 to clear.

LADIES' MACINTOSHES—LATEST STYLES.

Regular price $4.50, now $3.50		Regular price $ 8.50, now $6.55	
Regular price 5.00, now 3.95		Regular price 8.75, now 6.75	
Regular price 6.00, now 4.65		Regular price 11.50, now 9.50	

A BIG LINE OF CHILDREN'S MACINTOSHES VERY CHEAP.

Gloves and Hosiery.

The Favorite, 5 hook lacing kid glove, 70 c. per pair.
The Floribell, 7 hook lacing kid glove, 90 c. per pair.
The Dorothy, large button kid glove, 90 c. per pair.
The Monaca, 7 hook lacing kid glove, $1.25 per pair.
Odd lines large size kid gloves, 35 c. per pair.
Boys' Heavy Ribbed Hosiery, all sizes, 25c. per pair. Girls' Cashmere Ribbed Hose, double knees from 10c per pair. Ladies' Cashmere Hosiery, extra value, 30c. per pair. Ladies' Cashmere Hosiery, usual price 50c., now 40c.

BERLIN WOOLS.—4 and 8 fold Berlin, all shades except green and shaded, at 5 cents per oz.

Corset and Underwear Department.

Corsets 45c. and 65c. and upwards. Ladies' Puritan Vests, usual price 20c, reduced to 12 1-2c; 30c, reduced to 25c; 40c, reduced to 30c. All other lines reduced. 20 dozen Ladies' Flannelette Night Dresses, Ladies' Flannelette Night Dress, frilled front, 50c each, ditto, turn down collar, frilled front, 65c. and 70c each, ditto, turn down collar, with yoke, $1.00 each. Ladies' Knitted Wool Skirts, $1.00, $1.25, $1.45. Ladies' Flan'tte Wrappers, pleated back, large sleeves, reduced to $1.35. Flannelette Wrapper with Watteau pleat, reduced to $1.95. Ladies' all wool Flannel Wrappers, $2.55.

Table Linens.

Unbleached Table Linen, 20c, 25c, 30c per yard. Ditto, red border, 25c and 35c. White Damask Table Linen, 40c, 50c, and 60c. Red Turkey Oollies, 40c per dozen. White fringed, 50c per dozen.

Sale Commences Tuesday Morning, 19th. This is Positively a Cash Sale. No Credit Will be Given.

T. HAUGHTON & Co.,
Manchester House, — — 88 Yates St.

HUTCHISON SUSTAINED

The Superintendent of the Electric Light Station Upheld by the Council.

Mr. Belyea Sums Up the Case for the Defence and Alderman Bragg Replies.

The Resolution to Retain Him Passed With Very Little Discussion.

The board of aldermen last evening decided by a vote of six to three to retain Mr. M. Hutchison in his position as superintendent and chief engineer of the city electric light department. The defence did not take up much time. Mr. Hutchison gave some further evidence, one other witness was examined, and then Mr. Belyea summed the case up. Ald. Bragg addressed the council on behalf of the city. The audience, as has been usual since the case opened, was a very large one.

Mr. Belyea continued the examination of Superintendent Hutchison. He instructed the men to use their own judgment in regard to running on moonlight nights. The nights in October, when the engineer said he was not present, were moonlight nights, but he was nevertheless at the station several of the nights. There was no need for the Victoria West circuit to be cut off when it was. He heard of it next day and ordered the armature tender not to be cut off any circuit without orders from him.

The superintendent explained to Ald. Wilson the construction of armatures, and said they would not be badly injured by being left in a damp place. The one at the station was not in a very wet place. It was one of the duties of the engineer to see that the firemen kept the steam up when he needed it. He recollected Ald. Wilson telling him about some loose wires on the streets. He could not say how long it was before the wires were moved. Instructions were given the line man to attend to them. Ald. Wilson spoke to him twice before one of them was removed.

William Houston, foreman machinist for Spratt & Gray, testified that he was at the electric light station for an hour and a quarter on the night of October 10th. Mr. Hutchison was there. When Mr. Carson in his report said Mr. Hutchison was not there it was not true.

To. Ald. Bragg—Mr. Hutchison was not there the day he was fixing the oiling apparatus on the machinery.

Ald. Bragg wanted to know if the gentleman (laughter) who was washing windows was an employe of the city.

The witness did not know.

Superintendent Hutchison was recalled, and Ald. Macmillan asked him how Prevost, the Frenchman, who was washing windows, came to be employed.

The Witness—He came with a note from a member of the electric light committee, and he considered that it was a suggestion that the man should be employed.

Ald. Bragg—Who was the member of the committee?

Superintendent Hutchison—Ald. Williams.

Ald. Williams—No, no; that is not so.

Superintendent Hutchison—The note certainly bore your name. I will swear that.

Ald. Williams—I do not recollect sending the note.

Ald. Bragg wanted to know if the superintendent thought it was proper to allow a machinist to remain in the engine room, among valuable dynamos, without any city employe being present.

Mr. Hutchison—The man was known to me as a thoroughly trustworthy man. The work he was doing, putting up oil pans, was done as suggested at a meeting of the electric light committee.

Ald. Wilson—That was not done until I suggested it. You did not see the necessity for it until then.

Mr. Hutchison—Yes, you suggested it.

Mr. Belyea—Ald. Bragg was trying to make a point against the superintendent for carrying out the suggestion of the committee.

Mr. Belyea, in summing up the case, said he would first congratulate the council on having found out by the investigation that they had made a good choice when they appointed Mr. Hutchison as superintendent. All the charges have fallen through, and if Ald. Bragg thinks a jury of twelve men would find a man guilty on such evidence, he is able to suppose anything. He wished to congratulate Ald. Bragg on making a good fight in a poor case. Mr. Carson had been forced to admit that his report was wrong as far as it referred to Mr. Hutchison's absence on the night of October 9th, and it has been proved that he was there on the 10th, despite Mr. Carson's report. What reliance, therefore, could be placed on the whole report? None at all. He referred at some length to what he called "the iniquitous system of having a subordinate watching a superior." This system, if carried out, would tend to destroy all the respect subordinates have for their superiors. The statement of Ald. Bragg that a lamp trimmer had told him that the superintendent had never been seen on the line had been entirely disproved. All the lamp trimmers had been called, and they had all denied it. The superintendent had attended at the station, and explained why he was not there between 9 and 10 in the morning, when members of the committee were in the habit of calling, by showing that he was out late at night. The charge regarding the Devonshire road circuit had been very clearly explained. He had to take the armature to his own workshop on Langley street, as the committee did not even supply him with a tack hammer with which to effect repairs at the station. It showed that the committee were pretty hard pushed when they made this charge. As to the charge that the members of the committee could not find him at the station or on the line, it had never been shown that the committee had never gone out to look for him. The charges had all disappeared, and the committee had resorted to minor charges regarding holes in wharves, loose lines and a broken lamp. As to the famous box 25 of the fire alarm system, which would not ring because the Governor-General was here, he wished it understood that what he said last evening was not an insinuation against the efficient chief of the fire department. That was a subject the fire wardens should look into. He had it on the best authority that another man besides the chief and Mr. Hutchison had release keys to the boxes. As to the policemen, he did not wish to cast any slurs on them. He had as keen an appreciation as anybody of the duties of a police officer. The charge that Mr. Hutchison kept no books was answered by the fact that the committee provided no books for him, and when he suggested a form they simply pocketed it and said nothing further.

Ald. Macmillan—You said something about a report. What report was that?

Mr. Belyea—Here it is. It is signed by Ald. Bragg, who when he wrote it did not have a very high opinion of the electric light plant. In the report he condemned the plant in very strong language. He could not see how the alderman who had condemned the plant could expect the superintendent to have an efficient system with such a plant as Ald. Bragg said the one owned by the city was. No greater condemnation of a piece of machinery ever came from a responsible man. Instead of employing a policeman the members of the committee, all experts (laughter), should have gone down and assisted the superintendent in trying to make the plant efficient.

Ald. Bragg said Mr. Belyea, lawyer-like, had surrounded his client with a good deal of wind. (Laughter.) He asked for a fair hearing, saying he would sit down if it was not given him. The committee had not desired to make the investigation public. To show that he had no spite against Mr. Hutchison, he stated that his vote had elected Mr. Hutchison as superintendent. Ald. Williams, a member of the electric light committee, was one of the most dissatisfied members, but he was sorry that he was now showing the white feather. The members could not find Mr. Hutchison at the station, the excuse being that he was on the line. He wished to suspend him, but the mayor said it would be better to find out whether he was on the line. They knew that he was not there at night by the engineer's report. Mr. Belyea had picked flaws in the report, it was true, but he could pick flaws in anything. If an angel came down from heaven he would find fault with its dress. The aldermen had forced the committee to make the investigation public. Had Mr. Hutchison applied for a set of books he would have been given them. The committee had at all times carried out the wishes of the superintendent. He had endeavored to get some information from Mr. Gibson, but he was very evasive. Mr. Gibson had told him that the only instructions he received from the superintendant were that he would be expected to see that the men did their work. The charges, he claimed, had been practically proved. The committee had been too easy on the superintendent. They should have asked the council to dismiss him long ago. One of the worst things about Mr. Hutchison was that he had been afraid to appear before the council without a lawyer. The superintendent was elected because he was a workingman, and he was expected to do the repairing. This he had not done. The superintendent should, he thought, assist the engineer, who worked long hours. He did not care how the aldermen voted, knowing that he had done his duty. Since the investigation had commenced the superintendent had been at the station more than he had been during the previous five months. He was satisfied that Mr. Hutchison had neglected his duty.

Ald. McLellan said he would move that Mr. Hutchison be sustained in his position. (Applause.)

The Chairman—The resolution must be in writing.

Ald. Cameron said he had a resolution in writing. It was as follows:

"Whereas at a meeting of the council held on Nov. 14th the following resolution was passed: 'That the council meet in this room to-morrow (Friday) evening as a select committee, with Ald. Humphrey in the chair, publicly to investigate the charges preferred by the chairman of the electric light committee against the superintendent of the electric light department;

"In pursuance of such resolution meetings of such committee were held at the city hall on Nov. 15th, 19th and 20th, and T. Carson, J. Roberts, W. Clayards, W. A. Anderson, T. Kavanaugh, A. Gibson, H. Jewell, W. Wriglesworth, F. widdowson, M. Hutchison and W. Houston were examined on oath before said committee in reference to the charges preferred by the chairman of the electric light committee against M. Hutchison, superintendent of the electric lighting:

"Your committee having heard the said evidence are of the opinion that the evidence as given before the committee does not substantiate said charges;

"But your committee think that efficiency may be promoted by the adoption of a code of regulations defining the duties of the superintendent, and that it is the duty of the electric light committee to submit to the council such regulations as they may deem necessary to secure efficiency in the department."

Ald. McLellan seconded the resolution. When Mr. Hutchison had applied for the position he had inquired into his qualifications and found that he was competent. He was still of that opinion. The committee, if they had fault to find with the superintendent, should have brought in a concise report to the council or had a talk with the superintendent. He objected to the course that had been pursued, that of having policemen and subordinates watching the superintendent. He had had charge of large works when subordinates made charges against their superiors. He always told them to call at the office. They did not find him there, but they did find their pay and walking papers there. He would not tolerate subordinates watching their superiors. (Applause.) He was sorry for the electric light committee. (Laughter.) If he were dissatisfied with an official he would report to the council, and if, having conscientiously made the charges, he were not sustained, he would resign, not only from the committee, but resign his seat at the board. As he had said before, he was satisfied that Mr. Hutchison was competent to continue in the position.

Ald. Bragg moved in amendment that Mr. Hutchison be suspended. Ald. McLellan had treated the committee unfairly, knowing that he (Ald. Bragg) desired to suspend the superintendent some time ago.

Ald. Wilson seconded the amendment. He was satisfied that the charges were true. It was through him that Mr. Hutchison had been elected.

The Chairman—Ald. Bragg has just claimed that.

Ald. Wilson—Oh, you are very smart, aren't you? The superintendent had very conveniently forgotten things, but he had been more energetic both at the station and on the line since the investigation began. He hoped the amendment would pass. Even if it did not it would do Mr. Hutchison some good. It had been his desire to hold a private investigation and reprimand the superintendent, as the committee were satisfied that he had neglected his duty.

Ald. Williams said that the council had gone to two extremes. One portion wanted to dismiss Mr. Hutchison, while the other portion desired to make a hero of him. Mr. Hutchison had not done his duty until the charges were made. He was thoroughly competent to carry on his work, but he was not altogether without blame. He was not in favor of dismissing him, but did not think he should be whitewashed.

Ald. Bragg's amendment was put and lost on the following division:

Ayes—Ald. Wilson, Bragg and Williams.

Noes—Ald. Cameron, Macmillan, Partridge, Hall and McLellan.

Ald. Cameron's motion was then put and carried, amid applause, on the same division reversed.

Ald. Hall—How does the chairman vote?

Ald. Humphrey—I certainly will vote for Ald. Cameron's motion.

The council adjourned shortly before 10 o'clock.

—The demand for Ayer's Hair Vigor in such widely-separated regions as South America, Spain, Australia, and India has kept pace with the home consumption, which goes to show that these people know a good thing when they try it.

AMONG THE ROGUES.

The Bertillion System Got One Honest Parisian Into Trouble.

Some remarkable testimony as to the efficacy of the anthropometric system of keeping tab on criminals has come from Paris, where that system has been in vogue for several years. M. Hugo, a Parisian tailor, was stopped on the street by a policeman, who asked him if he had not committed a murder some years before. Aghast at the question, Hugot demanded an explanation of the official, and was told that his photograph was one of a collection of murderers' portraits in the posession of M. Rossignol, formerly of the Parisian detective force.

The little tailor thereupon sought out Rossignol's house. He was there confronted with his own presentiment, one of a large collection of the murderers of both hemispheres, and ticketed with his name and a detailed anthropometric description of himself. It was some time before the amazed man could pull himself together, then it suddenly came to him how he happened to be classified in such company. He recalled that several years before he had been arrested by mistake with a band of criminals, and while he was at the depot, before his innocence was established, he had been measured and photographed on the Bertillion plan. Hugot has now got an action for damages against Rossignol because he refuses to remove the photograph from his collection.

You Can Believe

The testimonials published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest people who have actually found in their own experience that Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, creates an appetite, strengthens the system and absolutely and permanently cures all diseases caused by impure or deficient blood.

HOOD'S PILLS for the liver and bowels, act promptly, easily and effectively.

Stop and Think a Second.

When some one recommends an unknown interlining as being much cheaper and just as good as FIBRE CHAMOIS. There can only be a few paltry cents difference in price, for FIBRE CHAMOIS is very cheap and besides you know it has all the good qualities it claims, for they have been proved. The merchant likely makes a larger profit on the poor line, but you can't afford to risk spoiling your clothing on that account.

FOR YOUR OWN SAKE avoid worthless imitations and when buying find the name

FIBRE CHAMOIS

on every yard. Ask to see it.

PATENTED, JULY 1890. MARCH 1895.

A Little Thing

Out of the way in the make-up of a Suit of Clothes may spoil the appearance of the whole Suit. In making you a Suit we make sure to have everything just right about the Suit---and the Price.

J. W. CREIGHTON,

86 Government Street.

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General Steamship Agency.

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FROM HALIFAX.

Dominion Line, Labrador.....Dec. 7th
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FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line, Umbria.....Nov. 30th
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White Star Line, Britannic.....Dec 4th
White Star Line, Majestic.....Dec. 11th
Red Star Line, Westernland.....Dec. 4th
Red Star Line, Noordland.....Dec. 11th
Anchor Line, Ethiopia.....Nov. 30th
Anchor Line, Furnessia.....Dec. 14th
North German Lloyd, Spree.....Dec. 10th
North German Lloyd, Aller.....Dec. 17th
French Line, La Bourgogne.....Nov. 30th
French Line, La Touraine.....Dec. 7th

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second Cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage $16.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here.

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Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

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O. R. & N. STEAMSHIP LINE.

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SS. "MOUNT LEBANON," capacity about 4,000 tons, due about 5th Dec., will proceed to Honolulu.

S.S. "RHOSINA," 3800 tons dead weight, due at Victoria about 23rd December, for Honolulu via Portland.

PUGET SOUND & CENTRAL AMERICA SS. CO'Y.

The S.S. TRANSIT, Capt. Berg, will leave Seattle on 10th November for Ceatral American ports.

For particulars apply to F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents, Importers of Japanese Rice, Silk and General Merchandise, Board of Trade Building.

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Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 4 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

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Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 2 p.m
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STEAMER MARY HARE.

Running in connection with the Victoria and Sidney Railway, will sail, weather permitting and business offering, as follows:

MONDAYS — Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train for Cowichan, Vesuvius Bay, and way ports; returning connects with evening train for Victoria.
TUESDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Ganges Harbor and way ports.
WEDNESDAYS— Leave Ganges Harbor at 6:00 a.m. for Sidney, connecting with morning train for Victoria.
THURSDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train for Ganges Harbor, Nanaimo and way ports.
FRIDAYS—Leave Nanaimo at 7:00 a.m., for Sidney and way ports, connecting with evening train for Victoria.

For further particulars apply to the Captain on board, or to Victoria and Sidney Railway Agents. oct10-1m

T. W. PATERSON,
Manager.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5.40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9.00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5.30 p.m. same days.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry G. Rouse, Receivers

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SPEED	Victoria Route.		TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."		1147
8 30 pm Lv	M t	Victoria	110 Ar 4 30 pm
11 45 pm Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72 Lv 1 30 pm
3 00 am Lv	82	Seattle	28 Lv 10 15 am
4 45 am Ar	116	*Tacoma.	2 Lv 8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

*Daily except Monday.

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Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Or.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom St., San Francisco,

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, Dec. 3rd, 1895, at 10 a.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Monowai, Thursday Dec. 12, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

For passage apply to 114 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.,
General Agents.
H. E. CONNON, Agent,
Basiion Square, Victoria

Canadian Pacific Railway Coy's

ROYAL MAIL

STEAMSHIP LINE

....TO....

CHINA AND JAPAN.

EMPRESS OF INDIA,
6000 tons, 10,000 horse power.

EMPRESS OF CHINA,
6000 tons, 10 000 horse power.

EMPRESS OF JAPAN,
3000 tons, 15,000 horse power.

..SPEED 10 KNOTS...

R. M. S. EMPRESS OF JAPAN sails for Hong Kong via Yokohama, November 11th.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect June 21st, 1894.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING,
G. A. CARLETON, Manager.
General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 25.

To Take Effect at 8:00 a. m. on Monday, October 28th, 1895.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

	Daily	Sat'dy
	A. M.	P. M.
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington	8.00	3 20
Ar. Nanaimo	11.40	6.38
Ar. Wellington	12.00	6.55

GOING SOUTH.

	Daily	Sat'dy
	A. M.	P. M.
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8.20	3 30
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8.40	3.45
Ar. Victoria	12.20	7.00

For rates and information apply at the Company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.

H. K. PRIOR,
Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria .....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street. ap25

GOING TO CHICAGO OR ANYWHERE EAST?

If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul or Duluth reads via

"THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE"

(C. St. P. M. & O. Ry.)

Three (3) First Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria as follows:

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 a.m.; St. Paul 8:10 a.m.

Daily. Badger State Express. Has Parlor Car to Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 8 p.m.; Chicago, 9:45 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 6:00 p.m.; St. Paul 7:35 a.m.

Except Sunday. Atlantic & Southern Express has Wagner Buffet Sleeper and FREE Chair Car to Chicago. Arrive Chicago 8:00 a.m.

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 p.m.; St. Paul 8:10 a.m.

Daily. Famous North-Western Limited. Has Pullman and Wagner Private Compartment and 16 section Sleepers and Buffet Smoking Library Coaches to Chicago. Sleeper to Milwaukee. Breakfast in Dining car before reaching Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 7:50 a.m.; Chicago 9:30 a.m.

For Illustrated Folder Free descriptive of Splendid Train Service via this line, to Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City, Duluth, Ashland, as well as to Milwaukee and Chicago. Call on your Home Agent or Address

T. W. TEASDALE,
General passenger agent, St. Paul.
W. H. MEAD, General Agent,
248 Washington St., Portland, Ore.
F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent,
601 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

GREAT NORTHERN

Shortest and Quickest Line

—TO—

KOOTENAY COUNTRY.

St. Paul, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Chicago,
New York, Boston,
And all U. S. Points,

Toronto Hamilton,
Montreal, Quebec,
And All Eastern Canadian Points.

Daylight run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains—the Grandest Scenery in America. Superb Buffet and Elegant Dining, Palace Sleeping and Cosy Tourist Cars. A delightful ride, free from heat and dust to passengers.

For tickets, etc., see

D MARTIN, Gen. Agent,
75 Government Street.

AIM HIGH

to make yourself comfortable and to give yourself a proper self-respect in the matter of your underclothing and the adornments known as gents' furnishings. Have your linen, neckwear, and such accessories,—way up. There's nothing seedier than cheap looking articles in this line. Our stock of furnishings is the admiration of all good dressers in Victoria. Immaculate linen and fine neckwear give a polish to a man's dress that nothing else can. It's the varnish of attire, so to speak, and that which we supply is the finest of all. Always come to our emporium for furnishing novelties.

T. L. BROWNE & CO.

Gents' and Boys' Outfitters,

82 Douglas Street, Victoria, B. C.

..THE..

New Model Remington Standard

TYPEWRITER No. 6

Has many notable improvements, viz: More permanent alignment, improved spacing mechanism, lighter and wider carriage, uniform and easy touch, economical ribbon movement, improved paper feed.

To those requiring a Typewriter, we offer the Remington, as the best machine on the market.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,

Sole Dealers, Victoria, B. C.

Don't Be Deceived!

Pendray's Electric Soap

IS SURELY THE BEST.

If your grocer palms off a substitute upon you, refuse it: as a soap, on which he makes a big profit. Demand Pendray's and if your grocer will not keep it, get it from one who does.

Pendray's is the Best! The Best is the Cheapest.

And the WRAPPERS are worth money to you. Save them and get twelve months' soap supply for nothing.

20 PRIZES - $100

Finnan Haddies, Smoked Salmon

——For Sale by——

R. H. JAMESON, 33 Fort Street.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER

"WESTHOLME"

I have received instructions to sell on the premises, on

Saturday Next, Nov. 23rd, 1895

AT 2 O'CLOCK P.M.

All that piece or parcel of land situate in Chemainus District, being a portion of Section 2, Range 7, containing one-tenth of an acre (more or less), together with the

2-STORY STORE and DWELLING HOUSE,

Lately occupied by Mr. Ferris. This property is a most desirable location for a country store.

Terms Cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

—Smokers of imported Egyptian Cigarettes pronounce the "Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish) superior to any imported. Try them once. 15 cents per package.

—Okell & Morris' jams and jellies are absolutely pure.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

NEW WESTMINISTER.

New Westminster, Nov. 20.—A movement is on foot to form a ratepayers' association for the purpose of bringing out a full ticket for the civic elections. So far nothing has been done in the way of organization, but the organizers of the movement talk of holding a meeting in a few days. The present members of the city council have been interviewed regarding their intentions for next year, and it seems clear that not more than half of the present board will seek re-election.

The representative of a number of English capitalists, who contemplate erecting a large salmon cannery and freezer in or near the city, was in town a few days ago making inquiries and looking over available sites. The company propose entering extensively into the export of fresh frozen salmon, and will erect buildings which will cover the better part of an acre of ground, if a suitable site can be obtained at a reasonable price. It is understood that a local company is likely to be formed to erect a salmon cannery within the city limits. The enterprise has been under consideration for some time, and is likely to take form soon.

There was another little ripple of excitement yesterday over the Eburne gold strike, the result of gold being found on Saturday in the second bore now being sunk. Ten mining licenses were obtained at the government agent's office by parties who intend locating claims.

Mr. J. Wintemute, of Wintemute Bros., was struck violently on the head by a piece of flying timber yesterday. He was rendered unconscious, and is still in a critical condition.

The synod of the Church of England, diocese of New Westminster, was opened at Holy Trinity cathedral this morning. At 10 o'clock the office for the enthronement of the Lord Bishop was performed, Rev. C. Coucher, of Yale, the senior priest of the diocese, officiating. Choral holy communion followed, the bishop being both preacher and celebrant.

VANCOUVER.

Vancouver, Nov. 20.—The city council, after adjourning on Tuesday morning, sat again at 7.30, and continued until nearly one o'clock on Wednesday morning, discussing the lighting of the city. When the agreement with the Western Electric company had been accepted clause by clause with the exception of one or two clauses, Mr. G. de Wolf asked permission to address the council. He then made an offer to light the city for 26 cents for the present number of lights, a cent and a half cheaper than the Western Electric company, and presented a cheque for $1,000 as a token of good faith. Mr. De Wolf's proposition will be considered at the next regular meeting.

NANAIMO.
Free Press.

The death of Captain Charles Honeyman, from heart weakness, took place at his residence, The Esplanade, at 1.30 o'clock this afternoon. The deceased was taken ill on Sunday night, and it at once assumed a most critical character. He was a native of Alloa, Scotland, aged 48 years, and leaves a wife and daughter to mourn his demise. He held the position of Lloyd's agent for Nanaimo, and was the stevedore of the ships visiting this port. The news of his death will come as a sudden blow to his many friends, for Captain Honeyman was a man of kindly and genial disposition, winning the respect and esteem of all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. The funeral will take place on Saturday afternoon at three o'clock, under the auspices of Doric lodge, No. 18, A. F. & A. M., of which lodge the deceased captain was a member. The bereaved widow and daughter have the sympathy of the general community in the affliction that have deprived them of husband and father.

A. Haslam, M. P., expresses himself as sceptical of the actual existence of the reported gigantic lumber combine, with headquarters at San Francisco. He is disposed to believe that it is merely a newspaper fabrication so far, though it is probable that the newspapers are actually trying to encourage such a combine. Personally, he has not been communicated with on the subject, and Vancouver, he thinks, is equally in the dark, in spite of the published report that the combine includes that city.

It is reported that a counter petition to the incorporation of the new townsite at Wellington is being numerously signed by property holders who are opposed to the idea of incorporattion, as they consider it premature. Also that the expense of municipal machinery for such a limited area will prove more burdensome in the matter of taxation far beyond the benefits to be derived. The petition asks that the letters patent, already granted, be at once revoked, and no election held.

NELSON.
Nelson Tribune.

The C. & K. S. N. Co.'s new boat, now building at Nelson, will not, it is said, be launched until spring. All the machinery except the boiler is in place. The hull is painted and is sheathed with steel. Most of the joiner work in the cabins is completed. The material for the new boat to be built at Nakusp early next year has been ordered.

The following shipments of bullion and ore from smelters and mines in Southern Kootenay were reported since last week:

	Tons.	Value.
Smelter, Pilot Bay	140	$14,000
Slocan Star, Sandon	54	5,400
Alamo and concentrator	60	6,000
Mountain Chief, New Denver	26	2,060
War Eagle, Rossland	421	21,050
Le Roi, Rossland	270	13,500
Josie, Rossland	44	2,200
Cliff, Rossland	38	1,900
Evening Star, Rossland	20	1,000
Iron Horse, Rossland	15	750
Total	1,088	$68,400
Total so far for 1895	26,330	$2,045,050

John J. Noble and William G. Robb have bonded their group of claims on White Grouse mountain, near the St. Mary's, to W. C. Ramsdell, of Butte, Montana, for the sum of $12,000, receiving a liberal cash payment. The claims consist of the Copper King, Mammoth, Big Four, Silver Tip, Colly Banner and Morning Star. The bonded interest is an undivided one-half. M. Daly is said to be backing the investment.

The shaft on the Le Roi mine at Rossland is down four hundred feet, and the ore taken from the bottom is the highest grade yet taken from the mine. With the exception of the Slocan Star, in Slocan district, the Le Roi is now opened to the greatest depth of any mine in Kootenay.

The Canadian Pacific people are in a stew. They have learned that F. A. Heinze and his associates, who are now building the smelter at Trail, have purchased rails, engines, coaches, and flat and box cars for a narrow gauge railway from Trail to Rossland. The material is said to be on the way in, and the work of constructing the road will be commenced at once. The road will be eighteen miles long, so as to give an easy grade. This does not suit the Canadian Pacific, and General Superintendent Abbott, of the Pacific division, passed south yesterday on his way to Spokane to learn what Mr. Heinze means.

A change of managers has been made at the No. 1 mine at Ainsworth, Mr. McVicar being succeeded by Mr. Mosher. The force at the mine has been reduced about one-half and the concentrator closed down until spring. The mine is reported as looking well, and no fear is entertained of its not being a paying concern. The Skyline is also reported to be in good shape. The working force is only thirteen men, three of whom knock down all the ore three four-horse teams can haul to the wharf at Ainsworth. The vein is from ten to fifteen feet wide, and a streak of considerable width carries ore that runs between 600 and 700 ounces silver to the ton. The output of both No. 1 and the Skyline goes to the smelter at Pilot Bay.

Ben Thomas, one of the best known miners in Southern Kootenay, arrived in Nelson yesterday from Slocan, where he put in two years' hard work. The last mine he worked in was the Slocan Star, which he pronounces a big mine. It is now opened by tunnels to a depth of nearly five hundred feet. The management expect to ship twenty-five tons a day regularly from this time on, three car loads going out on Thursday by way of the Kaslo & Slocan railway. Mr. Thomas says good mineds are in demand in the Slocan and that this will be a lively winter in that district.

Bonner's Ferry Herald, 9th: "The fine weather this fall has been especially favorable for the reclamation company, which is rushing work on the dykes so as to have them completed by the time of the high water next season. By that time they expect to have their work so far advanced as to reclaim about 50 square miles. They are now employing about 75 men, which makes a very nice pay roll. If the dyking scheme proves a success, of which there is but little doubt, it will bring the Kootenay valley to the front as hardly dreamed of before, because it will mean the reclamation of the entire valley in time. S. W. Smith will finish his contract, amounting to about 15,000 cubic yards of earth, this week, and Albert Jefferson is pushing work on his contract to get it completed, if possible, this fall.

Real estate is beginning to move in Nelson. J. Johnson, of the Silver King hotel, has bought the vacant lot next to him for $1,300. George Woods has bought J. Tolson's house and lot at the corner of Stanley and Victoria streets.

The management of the Silver King have decided to close down the mine until the 1st of January. The ore bins at the mine are full, and there are 800 tons of ore upon the dump. The tramway has begun to transfer some of this to the lower bins, but until the smelter is ready and begins to draw upon these latter it has been thought that it is useless expense to make a further accumulation.

KASLO.
Nelson Tribune.

In two trips the Alberta brought up 50 head of cattle, which W. J. Wilson drove through at once to Three Forks. They were from the Okanagan country. It is said that about 1300 head of cattle have been brought from the same country during the present season, besides those purchased in East Kootenay and elsewhere.

The contractors are putting the finishing touches on the Kaslo & Slocan railway. The 140-foot span Howe truss bridge was forwarded to its destination on Monday, and is now being rapidly put in place across Carpenter creek. As soon as it is completed, the track will be laid over the half mile to Cody. The balance of the road is wholly complete.

The Fisher Maiden, on Four Mile Creek, Slocan district, is in the law. Web & Popham have brought an action in the supreme court against the parties who had it bonded for an accounting and the payment of alleged proceeds of ore mined and shipped to which they are entitled.

E. W. Ferguson, one of the principal owners of the Surprise mine, with Mrs. Ferguson, arrived in Kaslo on Sunday, and accompanied by Manager Smith, visited the mine on Monday and Tuesday. Work will be pushed at the Surprise as vigorously as possible.

John F. McGuigan made a shipment of ore from the American Boy on Wednesday. It was the first from the mine and went to Pilot Bay.

The sale is reported of the three lots in the corner of Third street and A avenue to a party in Victoria. It is said that a warehouse and store will be built upon them in the early spring for use as a wholesale liquor establishment.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed on exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's Fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

Mr. F. A. Rowe, of East Conneaut, Ohio, grew 62 tons of pumpkins on three acres, the sum realized being $186. It took three teams and five men three days to deliver them at the canning factory, netting Mr. Rowe about $150.

Catarrh can be successfully treated only by purifying the blood, and the one true blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla.

For Dirty Weather

YOU WILL NEED

A Good Servicable Door - Mat!

ONE,—THAT WILL LAST . . .

We have a full line; that is, we have "Cocoa Mats" in all sizes.

PLAIN COCOA MATS.
SKELETON COCOA MATS.
BORDERED COCOA MATS.
WIRE MATS.
RUBBER MATS.
BEAM MATS.

Weiler Bros.

51 to 55 Fort St.

MUNICIPAL

MUNICIPAL ELECTION, 1896.

HOUSEHOLDERS' QUALIFICATIONS.

All persons wishing to qualify under the above qualifications, as voters for the ensuing municipal elections for the year 1896, in accordance with Clause E of Section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the Assessor's Office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November, instant.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C.
November 1st, 1895. nov1-1m

$25.00 REWARD.

The above reward is hereby offered for such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons tampering or interfering in any way with any manhole, ventilator, flush tank, or other part of the sewerage system of the City of Victoria, or causing any impediment or obstruction to the proper and effective operation of any portion of the said system, except when acting under instructions from the City Engineer or Sanitary Officer.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., August 1st, 1895.

$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1896.

NOTICE

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk, is closed to Public Traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer

au5

NOTICE

Cormorant street, between Douglas and Blanchard, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer

City Hall, Oct. 15th, 1895.

SEQUAH'S REMEDIES

Can be Obtained from your Chemist

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

Don't forget, these Remedies have been

PUBLICLY TESTED

and proved to be superior to any other.

Sold by all Chemists and direct from Langley & Co.

The British Columbia Corporation,

LIMITED,

TEMPLE BUILDING, FORT ST., VICTORIA.

Immediate advances on all kinds of security at low rates of interest. Rents Collected, Estates Managed.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd., Agents.

ISLANDER GOLD QUARTZ

MINING AND MILLING CO LIMITED LIABILITY.

Registered under the Companies Act, 1878, and Amending Acts.

CAPITAL, $100,000, in 100,000 Shares of $1 Each.

The first issue to the public will be 10,000 shares, payable as follows, 10 cents per share on application, and 10 cents per share monthly thereafter until 50 cents shall have been paid on each share.

PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS:

JOHN IRVING, M. P. P., VICTORIA, B. C.
WM. MUNSIE, MERCHANT, VICTORIA, B. C.
W. G. MACKENZIE, COMMISSION MERCHANT, VICTORIA, B. C.
Secretary—THOS. H. PROSSER, (Flint & Prosser), 18 Broad St., VICTORIA, B. C.

Bankers—BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Solicitors—HUNTER & DUFF.

PROSPECTUS.

The Islander Gold Quartz Mining & Milling Company, Limited Liability, has been organized for the purpose of taking over and working the Islander Mineral Claim, situate on a branch of Granite Creek, Alberni district, Vancouver Island, B. C., and for the purpose of purchasing and working such other mineral claims as the company may determine.

The Islander Mineral Claim is within two and a half miles of the navigable waters of Alberni canal. It is outside the land grant of the E. & N. Railway Company. A good trail is built directly to the mine. There can be no dispute as to the title, and transportation to and from the mine will be at low rates.

Returns from assays made of the surface ore have varied from $2 to $15 per ton in gold and copper. The character of the ore is similar to those produced by the Le Roi and other mines at Trail Creek in West Kootenay. It is believed that as depth is attained the value of the ore will greatly increase, as was the case with the Trail Creek ores.

Assays have been made by Price, of San Francisco; Tacoma Smelting and Refining Co., of Tacoma; W. Pellew Harvey, Vancouver; Government Assay Office, Victoria.

Only surface work has, so far, been done on the ledge, which is from four to eight feet in width. It is proposed to sink shafts and otherwise prospect this mine, so as to thoroughly prove its extent and value.

In the event of a sale of the mine being made, the full amount subscribed by shareholders of B and C stock will first be returned to them, and the remaining profit divided among all the shares.

All further particulars may be learned, and samples of ore seen, at the office of the Secretary, No. 18 Broad street.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION.

We, John Irving, of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, master mariner, William Munsie, of the same place, merchant, and William G. Mackenzie, of the same place, commission merchant, do hereby certify (in duplicate) that we desire to form, under the provisions of the "Companies Act, 1878" (Provincial), being Part II. of Chap. 21 of the "Consolidated Acts, 1888," and amending Acts, a company as hereinafter mentioned:—

1. The corporate name of the company shall be "The Islander Gold Quartz Mining & Milling Company, Limited Liability."

2. The objects for which the company is established are as follows:—

(a) To purchase the Islander mineral claim situate on Granite Creek, Alberni district, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, from the registered owners thereof, for sixty thousand (60,000) paid up shares of the capital stock of the company, to be called issue A, and to prospect, explore, work, develop and turn to account the said mineral claim;

(b.) To purchase, take or lease, or otherwise acquire and prospect, explore, work, exercise, develop and turn to account any mines, metalliferous land, mining rights, prospector's or other claims in British Columbia:

c.) To purchase, take or lease, exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, and any rights or privileges which the company may think necessary for the purposes of its business.

(d.) To raise, crush, win, get, quarry, smelt, calcine, refine, dress, amalgamate, manipulate, and prepare for market ore, metal and mineral substances of all kinds, whether the property of the company or not, in British Columbia, and to carry on any metallurgical operations which may seem conducive to the company's objects or any of them, or which may seem capable of being usefully or profitably carried on in connection with the other business of the company, and to sell, dispose of, and deal in any ore, metal and mineral substances either in a manufactured state or otherwise, and any materials or substances resulting from or to be obtained in the process of smelting, refining or manufacturing the same, and either free or in combination with other substances.

(e.) To construct, carry out, maintain, improve, manage, work, control, and superintend any trails, roadways, tramways, railways, reservoirs, watercourses, bridges, aqueducts, wharves, furnaces, sawmills, crushing works, hydraulic works, electrical works, factories, warehouses, ships, boats, and other works and conveniences which may seem directly or indirectly conducive to any of the objects of the said company, and to contribute to, subsidize, or otherwise aid and take part in such operations;

(f.) To mortgage the uncalled capital of the company subject to the provisions of the said Act:

(g.) To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any property of the company:

(h.) To sell the property and the undertaking of the company or any part thereof, at such time or times, in such manner, on such terms and for such consideration as the company may think fit:

(i.) To purchase or otherwise acquire or deal with any capital stock of the company whether fully paid up or not:

(j.) To amalgamate with, or acquire the business and liabilities of any other company or companies having objects altogether or in part similar to this company.

(k.) To sell and dispose of from time to time not more than ten thousand (10,000) paid up shares of the capital stock of the company (to be called issue B), for such price (not less than fifty (50) cents per share) as the trustees may be able to obtain therefor.

(l.) To sell and dispose of from time to time the remaining thirty thousand (30,000) shares of the capital stock of the company (to be called issue C), at such price (not being less than seventy-five (75) cents per share) as the trustees shall be able to obtain therefor.

(m.) In the event of a sale of the said Islander mineral claim, to pay and discharge all debts and liabilities of the company, and the cost, charges and expenses of and incidental to the said sale, and in the pany, and the costs, charges and expenses of such sale to the holders of stock of issues B and C, the amounts paid by them for such stock, and in the next place to pay and divide the surplus of such proceeds to and among all the holders of capital stock of the company at the date of such sale in proportion to the amounts of stock then held by such stockholders respectively;

(n.) To procure the company to be registered or recognized in any place or country.

(o.) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered in placing, or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the company's capital, or any debentures or other securities of the company, or the conduct of its business.

(p.) To do all things such as the company may think incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

3. The capital of the company is one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) divided into one hundred thousand (100,000) shares at one dollar ($1.00) each allotted and appropriated as aforesaid.

4. The corporate existence of the company shall continue for fifty (50) years.

5. The number of trustees who shall manage the concerns of the company for the first three months shall be three, and their names are John Irving, of the City of Victoria, master mariner, William Munsie, of the City of Victoria, merchant, and William G. Mackenzie, of the same place, commission merchant.

6.—The principal place of business of the company is located in the City of Victoria.

7. A stockholder is not individually liable for the debts or liabilities of the corporation, but the liability of a stockholder is limited to his proportion (based upon the amount of his respective shares) to assessments legally levied, and the charges thereon, if advertised as delinquent during the time that he is a stockholder, upon a share or shares of which he is the holder, as shown by the shareholders' register book of the corporation. Assessments and charges thereon, when taken collectively, shall not exceed in the aggregate the value in dollars printed or shown upon each share when issued.

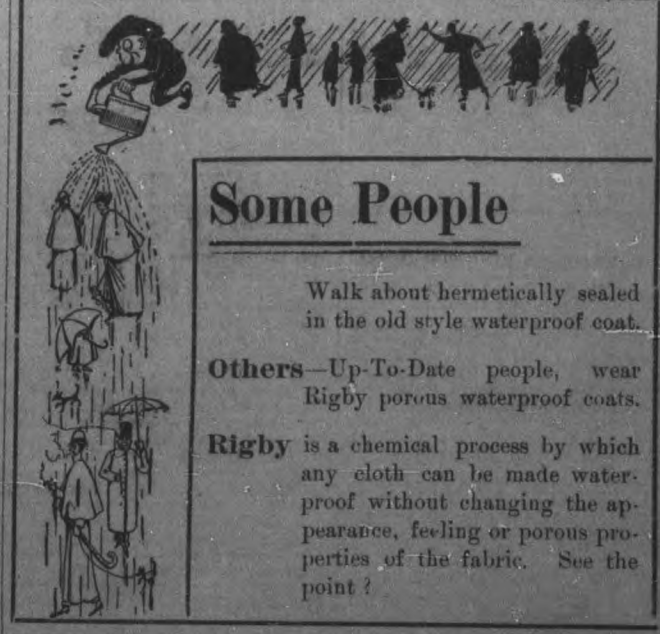
JOHN IRVING,
WM. MUNSIE,
W. G. MACKENZIE.

Made, signed, and acknowledged (in duplicate) by the above named John Irving, William Munsie and William G. Mackenzie, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, this sixteenth day of October, A. D. 1895, before me,

(L.S.) GORDON HUNTER,
A Notary Public in and for the Province of British Columbia.

Filed (in duplicate) the 11th day of November, 1895.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
no19 Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.



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Walk about hermetically sealed in the old style waterproof coat.

Others—Up-To-Date people, wear Rigby porous waterproof coats.

Rigby is a chemical process by which any cloth can be made waterproof without changing the appearance, feeling or porous properties of the fabric. See the point?

Do You Read the Times?

NATIONAL ROLLED OATS

A Pleasant Food!
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THE PUREST AND BEST IN THE WORLD.

Manufactured from specially selected British Columbia Grown Oats.

Highest awards World's Fair Chicago; Mid-Winter Fair, San Francisco, and Inter-State Fair, Tacoma.

Use no other manufacture of this article, and see that each sack is branded with our name. Packages put up to suit every demand, viz., 7 lb., 22½ lb., 45 lb. and 90 lb., all in cotton sacks. Under no condition buy in unbranded sacks or in bulk.

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VICTORIA, - VANCOUVER, - NEW WESTMINSTER, - EDMONTON, ALBERTA

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

AQUATICS.

Galveston, Tex., Nov. 21.—Bubear beat Hanlan in yesterday's race. Hanlan fouled at turning the stake twice. He recovered, however, and was beaten by only half a length.

CHESS.

New York, Nov. 21.—Chess Expert H. N. Pillsbury has sailed for St. Petersburg, where he will play in the international chess tournament beginning on December 8.

BILLIARDS.

New York, Nov. 21.—It is not likely that the series of games talked of between Ives and Slosson will be arranged, at least before the former's trip abroad is concluded.

THE RING.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 21.—Joe Bateman, of this city, and John Glenn, of Wilmington, Del., fought to a finish on Bladenburg road last night. Glenn was knocked out in the eleventh round.

MODERN MESSIAH'S MAGIC.

The Colorado Healer Cured a Massachussets Consumptive by a Touch

Boston, Mass., Nov. 21.—A special to the Standard from Westfield, Mass., says:

"Yes, sir, I am a well man to-day. A month ago I was dying of consumption, but thanks to the magic hand of Francis Schlatter, I am well again."

This interesting announcement was made by Edward O. Lynch, who had just returned from Denver, whither he went for the purpose of seeking relief "at the hands" of the new "Messiah." Mr. Lynch has been suffering for several years from a deep seated pulmonary trouble, and announced his intention of leaving town. He was so weak that his folks at first were disinclined to allow him to make the journey, but he persisted, saying he knew Schlatter would cure him. He relates his experience as follows:

"I reached Denver October 28, and it took me three days to reach Mr. Schlatter. I said when I reached his side, 'Mr. Schlatter, I am a sufferer from lung trouble.' He did not answer, but simply took both my hands in his, and looking me in the eyes for a moment, finally let go and rubbed my chest. Then he grasped a handkerchief I held out to him, and after that I walked away. In about an hour after I began to feel like a new man. Schlatter, to speak plainly, is a great physician and minister combined, and when I was receiving his ministrations the perspiration stood out on me like beads. Now, all my cough has gone and I feel as strong as Ajax."

THE TORIES' LAST HOPE.

Holding Out the New Atlantic Service as Bait for North Ontario.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—Speaking at the North Ontario nominations yesterday, at the evening meeting, Hon. Messrs. Foster and Montague discussed trade and other questions. Referring to the telegram announcing the Imperial Government's determination to assist Canada in establishing a fast Atlantic steamship service, Mr. Foster said he believed this was the exact truth and there would soon be a direct line of communication from Australia to Liverpool by way of Canada.

PORTUGAL'S MINISTER DEAD.

Senor Thedima Passed Away at Washington This Morning.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 21.—Senor Augusto Thedima, the Portuguese minister to the United States, died at 8:30 o'clock this morning. He had been a sufferer from consumption for a number of years, but a sudden and violent hemorrhage on Sunday evening hastened the end. His wife was at his bedside when he died. There are no children.

A state funeral will be held at St. Mathew's church on Saturday morning, when the diplomatic corps will attend in a body, and the various branches of the government service will be represented. The remains, accompanied by Senora Thedima, will be taken to Portugal on the steamship La Bretagne, leaving New York on the 30th inst. An impressive state ceremony will also be held in Portugal.

—"Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish) are a substitute for cachous. 15 cents per package.

SAN FRANCISCO BATTERY.

A Mile of Dynamite Guns to Protect Golden Gate City.

San Francisco, Nov. 21.—The battery of dynamite guns, which stretches along the bluffs south of Fort Point for nearly a mile, is now ready to deal out destruction to any invading navy which may appear within three miles of the Golden Gate. During the past two days experiments have been made with the guns. Shells have been fired with a limited amount of powder to test the air compressing plant by which the projectiles are hurled from guns. During the first week in December an official test will be made of the guns before Gen. Graham and all officers stationed at the Presidio and neighboring military posts.

American News.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Nov. 21.—Secretary Rankin, of the Falls Power company, states that proposals have been invoted for the enlargement of the wheel pit to accommodate three more turbines to work in conjunction with the three new dynamos capable of producing five thousand horse power each, the work to be completed within six months.

Auburn, N. Y., Nov. 21.—The jury in the United States district court to-day found Mrs. Mary T. McMillan, alias Mrs. Mack, of Hamilton, Ont., guilty of counterfeiting United States postage stamps as charged. Judge Cox sentenced her to one year and six months in the Erie county penitentiary.

Shelbyville, Ind., Nov. 21.—News has reached here that Carl Strekelmann, the renowned South African explorer, was drowned on August 28th. For ten years he had been agent for Tomlinson & Co., Liverpool, England, in the South African trade.

Brownsville, Ore., Nov. 21.—Lloyd Montgomery, eighteen years old, is under arrest, charged by the coroner's jury with the murder of his father, mother and D. S. McKerecher, who were found dead, shot to death in Montgomery's house yesterday. Young Montgomery admitted that he was in the house ten minutes before the shooting. A rifle was found covered with blood, and an air gun, identified as Lloyd Montgomery's, was found on the floor.

Devil's Lake, N. D., Nov. 21.—The superintendent and other officials of the Great Northern were here yesterday, and put all the employes through an examination as to whether they belonged to the A. R. U. Very few men could be found who would acknowledge they belonged to the organization. It is believed that the company will request those who are affiliated with the organization to withdraw from it or sever their connection with the road.

New York, Nov. 21.—The body of Calvert Maux, the famous landscape architect, who has been missing from his son's home since Monday, was found in Gravesend bay to-day. It is not known whether he committed suicide or accidentally fell into the water. He was associated with Mr. Frederick Law Olmsted, the foremost landscape architect of the United States, in laying out Central Park, New York, and designing parks in Caicago, Buffalo and the state reservation at Niagara Falls.

Cable News.

Prague, Nov. 21.—Final results of the election for members of the Bohemian diet show that 46 young Czechs, 27 German Liberals, 2 German Nationalists and 1 Clerical have been returned.

Paris, Nov. 21.—At a cabinet council held here this morning the minister of foreign affairs, M. Berthelot, said the information which had been received from various sources did not justify the alarmist reports in the French press. The understanding between the Powers, he added, was revealing itself with the utmost clearness.

Good News for All Smokers.

The Spanish Blossom cigars will be on the market with our own registered labels by December 1st of this year. To stop all imitations of our goods forever after we have the new label patented. Look out for them. Kurtz & Co. *

—Some very pretty and inexpensive hall lamps in wrought iron; and in brass, at Weiler Bros. *

Of Barney Barnato Harper's Weekly declares: "Aladdin was a duffer compared with him, and Monte Cristo seems beside him like an unostentatious gentleman of comfortable means."

The well known strengthening properties of iron, combined with other tonics and a most perfect nervine are found in Carter's Little Pills, which strengthen the nerves and body, and improve the blood and complexion.

POWERS PREVAIL.

Continued from Page 1.

eign fleets. The British fleet is still at Salonica and the French and Italian fleets at Smyrna. Smyrna and Salonica, however, are about an equal distance from the entrance to the Dardanelles. The British ambassador is still away from his post. The latest news from him received at the embassy located him at Vienna. But Sir Philip Currie is expected here by the end of this week. He is said to be the bearer of a letter from the Marquis of Salisbury in reply to the letter which the Sultan sent to London upon the condition of affairs in Asia Minor.

United States Minister Terrell, at the request of the American missionaries at Kharput, has prevailed upon the Turkish government to telegraph orders to the Turkish commander at Kharput to furnish the missionaries with an escort of troops to conduct them to the nearest point on the Black sea coast, possibly Trebizond, in order that they may embark for this city. Mr. Terrell has also advised the missionaries in other districts to retire from their posts for a time, in order that their presence may not be made an excuse for further disorders. It is believed that this suggestion will be adopted in several cases at least.

The city is quieter than it has been for some time past. The police have released several additional batches of Armenians, and the latter are reopening their stores and circulating freely about the main thoroughfares. This looks well, and seems to indicate that matters must be in a more satisfactory state than for some time past, although the people here would feel easier if more news were obtainable from the provinces. The Armenian Partiarch, as well as the Sultan, has undergone a healthy change of mind, as the result of the advice he has received from the representatives of the Powers. He has, as has already been cabled, been strongly advised to co-operate with the Turkish authorities in their efforts to restore order, and it is understood that it has been intimated to the prelate that the Armenians need not look for sympathy from Europe if they continue causing outbreaks against the authority of the Sultan. It is also understood that the representatives of the Powers insist that the Armenian clergy throughout Asia Minor must co-operate with the Turkish officials in suppressing the state of anarchy which has existed in many districts for months past.

TREPHINING A LION.

An Interesting Operation That Promises to be Successful.

The young lion of the Hagenback show that was so desperately wounded by a lioness last week was successfully operated upon yesterday afternoon, and the depression of the skull was lifted from the brain of the animal. The operation was one that not only required skill, but nerve on the part of the surgeons who worked so dangerously near the jaws of the lion.

In a room of the livery stable of Mr. Vandyke the lion was placed, and while several strong men held the tortured beast, Doctors H. G. and W. E. Carnes performed the operation. The lion has been in a comatose condition for several days, and suffered many convulsions during the time the skull was pressing against the brain. At times he was wild and would tear his flesh with his claws, and then again he would be as docile as a child and could not be aroused from the restless sleep into which he had fallen. His keepers daily expected the lion to die, as his skull had been flattened out until more than a square inch of bone pressed hard against the brain.

One day last week the lion was savagely attacked by a lioness that occupied an adjoining cage. The lion was eating his afternoon meal of beefsteak, when the lioness reared against the wooden partition separating the cages. The lioness threw her whole weight against the light partition, and with a crash the infuriated beast and partition fell into the cage occupied by the young lion. The lioness pounced upon the lion with all the fury that is peculiar to that class of animals. The lion was taken completely by surprise, and was at a great disadvantage. As he turned with a growl to see what caused the partition to fall, he was caught in the wide open mouth of the lioness and fearfully bitten. The lioness leaped into the air and fell upon her prey. She caught his head in her mouth, and closed down upon it. The fangs penetrated the thick bone and the skull sank beneath the pressure.

The lion was hardly able to stand, and could but stagger about the cage in a dazed way. In a few minutes after the attack he was seized with convulsions. His manner was pitiable and he would writhe in agony, then, leaping up, would fall from weakness. His feet would be drawn close up to his body and his tail lashed fearfully against the bars. As he writhed upon the floor he would claw at everything that came within his reach. Catching the iron bars, he would almost wrench them from their places. His claws were completely torn from the flesh on one foot, and he frothed at the mouth.

Dr. Carnes, the veterinary surgeon, was called and requested to make an examination of the lion and see if there was any possibility of his life being saved. Dr. Carnes thoroughly examined the wounds and found that his skull had been badly indented and that it was resting upon the brain. There was but one way in which death could be prevented, and that was by trephining the skull and lifting the depressed bone and relieving the pressure. As a last resort this operation was decided upon.

The lion was placed on the table arranged for him. The animal was suffering intensely and was in a dangerously bad humor. Occasionally he would growl savagely and open his jaws and snap at those who were nearest him. A number of glistening instruments were taken from a leather case and placed on a chair. A pan of warm water was secured and sponges were at hand. A bottle of ether and chloroform was poured into a wad of cotton and the cotton was placed under the nose of the lion. His feet were securely tied with ropes and he was held firmly upon the table by several strong men. When the perfumes of the ether were inhaled, the lion made strenuous efforts to tear himself away. He roared and snorted and kicked with all his might, but he was held down under the table. For nearly thirty minutes the ether was held under his nose. He resisted the sleep-giving compound, but gradually fell into an easy and peaceful sleep. His pain was allayed, and like a cat he purred and snored, while the surgeons made ready.

As soon as the lion was thoroughly under the influence of the chloroform, which was administered by Dr. H. G. Carnes, the operation was begun. It was necessary, however, that great care be taken in administering the anaesthetic, as the lion was in danger of dying from the effects of an overdose.

Dr. W. E. Carnes made the first incision. The hide and skin were very tough and it was difficult to make the incision. Gradually the flesh gave under the pressure from the knife and the skull was laid bare. The fracture had occurred on the right side of the head, and it was just to the left of the fracture that the incision was made. After the incision was completed the trephine was inserted and a small opening was bored into the skull. This was the most dangerous part of the operation, for, like an augur, the instrument bores its way through the bone. If any parts of the skull had fallen into the brain, which is exposed just as soon as the instrument pierces entirely through the skull, it would have meant certain death for the animal.

When the trephine had reached the inside of the skull, the instrument was given a quick turn, which broke the thin inside covering, and the small particles were caught with a pair of strong faucets and pulled out in pieces. The opening into the skull was made an inch to the left of the depression. After this was done it was an easy matter to lift the bone from the brain. The bone was restored to its former position, and then the incision was sewed up and the place dressed.

As soon as the lion recovered from the effects of the drug he bounded loose from the ropes that held him and leaped across the floor of the room. He was at first a little dazed from the effects of the chloroform, but gradually regained his senses. Dr. Carnes stated after the operation that the lion would be perfectly well in a few days, as there was now no danger from the work. The lion is about two years old and was very valuable before he was injured.—Atlanta Constitution.

PASSENGERS.

Per str. City of Kingston from the Sound.—W J Calahan, Miss M L Adams, P A O'Farrel and wife, C Butte and wife, W J Maxwell and wife.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Lieut Gov Dewdney, D W Gillies and wife, Mrs Cullin, C D Crandell, Mr Langley, J Wishart, F W Boultbee, C N Davidson, P N Thompson, Miss Crickmay, Miss Wey, Mrs Jas Angus, W J Taylor, J Rowlan, C J Harrison, F M Ratenbury, Alex Begg, W Munro, F V Austin, H Trajer, B Springer, E L Rer, W Brod, L W Washington, Master Spencer, Master Beaton, G McCloskey, D S Koss, Alex Bell, Mrs Lawrence, J McK Smith.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—S M Hartman, Geo Freeman, Rev P H McEwen, S Frabucatto, C Lundell, J A Dumitt.

Per steamer Sehome from the Sound—Mrs Perrin, C Brooks and wife, J Mari, S S Sherwood, I W Rosenblatt, A S Abrohams, H Cleveland, C T Higgins, Jno Alilso, Miss Cameron, Mrs. McCrimmon.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str. City of Kingston from the Sound.—Thos Earle, O P Renheimer, E B Keith, E B Marvin & Co, Oppenheimer Bros, B. C. Nursery Co, P. McQuade & Son, Simon Leiser, T N Hibben, & Co, J Barnsley & Co, J F Galbraith, H Cleveland, Jas Wright.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Jas Dunsmuir, W Bowness, J H Todd, Dom Exp Co, H B Co, S Leiser, A & W Wilson, Braden Bros, G Cokson, Geo Powell, H Clark, Howell & B, J Freel, J H Brown, J Thompson, Long Chong, Langley & Co, R J Nott, Vic Brew Co.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Sylvester Feed Co, Hartman & Co, Hall & Renouf, John Wilson & Co, J E Chipman.

Per steamer Sehome from the Sound—Mis Juanita, M Strouss, Valo & Brooks, J Earsman.

ROYAL Baking Powder.
Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report.

CUT RATES
—TO—
PUGET · SOUND
S.S. "ROSALIE."

Daily Except Sunday
At 9 a.m.

To Seattle $1.00
To Tacoma $1.50

For tickets and information call on
J. K. DEVLIN, Agent.
75 Government street.

How Much Sunshine?

We're not weather prophets—perhaps you are. If you are, here's a chance for you.

3 Splendid Prizes.

FIRST PRIZE:—A magnificent Tea-Set of 5 pieces, comprising a Tea Pot, Coffee Pot, Cream, Sugar Bowl and Spoon Holder, made by the Meriden Britannia Co., of the finest quadruple plate. Value, $50 Or winner may select any article or articles to the value of $50 from our stock.

SECOND PRIZE:—A massive solid Marble Clock, in which is enclosed a very fine French movement. Value, $35. Or winner may have choice of goods.

THIRD PRIZE:—A handsome English Liquor Decanter, in genuine cut glass, encased in a silver stand with handle. Value, $25. Or winner may have choice of goods.

Here's the Question!

How many hours of sunshine will occur between the hour of sunrise, November 12th, and the hour of sunset, December, 31st, 1895? The person whose guess is nearest to the correct number of hours will receive the first prize. The one who is second nearest will receive the second prize. The one who is third nearest will receive the third prize.

Now there's the question for you. Here are the conditions governing the contest. Read them carefully.

For each and every dollar's worth of goods purchased at our store from now up to 12 p.m. December 24th, 1895, a ticket will be given entitling the holder to one guess in our "How Much Sunshine" contest.

E. Baynes Reed, Esq., the meteorological observer at Esquimalt, will decide the contest, and his decision will be absolutely final.

No guess will be received after **12 p.m. December 24th,** but the contest will not be decided until **January 2nd, 1896.**

DAVIDSON BROS.,

The Jewellers, 59 Government Street.

—Always ask for Okell & Morris' jams and jellies.

—"Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish manufactured from the genuine pure Turkish tobacco, Egyptian blend. 15 cents per package.

—Coal hods, coal scuttles, fireside sets, fenders, etc., at Weiler Bros. *

—You will learn the joy of smoking only when you have whiffed the "Royal" Cigarettes (Turkish), Egyptian blend. 15 cents per package.